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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXII NO. 270 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

TWO MORE CONGRESS VICTORIES

Madura Breaks Record In Polls

CONGRESS OPPONENT LOSES DEPOSIT

Lala Shamlal Victorious At Ambala

Congress scored a record victory in Madura, where Mr. Kumaraswami Raja polled about 13,000 votes, while his rival got a paltry 140, thus forfeiting his deposit.

In the Ambala Division, Punjab, the Congress candidate Lala Shamlal defeated Lala Thakurdas, the Nationalist candidate.

Prominent non-Congress victories are those of Bhai Parmanand and Lala Faqir Chand.

BHAI PARMANAND AND LALA FAQIR CHAND RETURNED

VICTORY OF VICTORIES

Congress Opponent Forfeits Deposit In Madura

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, the Congress Candidate has been declared elected a member of the Legislative Assembly from the Madura-Ramnad Cum-Tinnevelly Non-Mahomedan constituency.

Mr. Kumaraswami Raja polled 12,931 votes and defeated his opponent Mr. Kanthimathinatha Pillai, who having secured only 140 votes, forfeited his deposit.—A.P.

AMBALA ELECTS CONGRESS NOMINEE

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

In Ambala Non-Mohammedan Constituency Lala Shyamlal, Congress nominee has been elected, securing 2,982 votes as against 2,789 securred by Mr. Thakurdas Bhargava (Nationalist Party nominee.)—United Press.

DUNICHAND DEFEATED

Nationalist Candidate Elected In Jullundur

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

In Jullundur Non-Mohammedan constituency Lala Kakirchand Agarwal Nationalist Candidate) has been declared elected defeating Lala Dunichand, Advocate, (Congress nominee) with a majority of 495 votes.

Lala Fakir Chand polled 1 956 votes while Lala Dunichand polled 1,461.

In East Sikh constituency Sardar Mangal Singh, a prominent Nationalist Party worker among the Sikhs, has been elected securing 864 votes as against Sardar Harban Singh Brar (sitting member) 624 and Sardar Fathejang Singh 807 votes.

Sardar Mangal Singh was a nominee of the Akali Party.—United Press.

BHAI PARMANAND SUCCESSFUL

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

In the West Punjab non-Muhammedan Constituency which comprises of Lahore, Rawalpindi, and Multan Divisions, Bhai Parmanand, President of the Hindu Mahasabha has been declared elected securing 6,245 against 4,339 votes secured by Dewan Chamanlal, the Congress nominee.

The result was declared at 11-15 p.m. after a whole day's counting.

The counting of votes for the West-Punjab Sikh Constituency between Sant Singh and Gulab Singh will be held to-morrow.—United Press.

CONGRESS M.L.A.'s

The following is a list of the Congress candidates who have been returned unopposed or otherwise to the Assembly:—

UNITED PROVINCES

1. Munshi Iswar Saran (Gorakhpur-cum-Benares).
2. Dr. Bhagwan Das (Seven Cities).
3. Ch. Raghubir Singh (Meerut).
4. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant (Rohilkhand and Kumaon).

CENTRAL PROVINCES

5. Seth Sheo Das Daga (Landholders' constituency).

BIHAR

6. Mr. Deep Narayan Singh.

ASSAM

7. Mr. N. C. Bardoloi.
8. Mr. Basant Kumar Das.

MADRAS.

9. Mr. S. Satyamurti.
10. Sami Venkatachalam Chetty.
11. Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja

PUNJAB

12. Lala Shamlal.

FAZAL HAQ RETAINS HIS SEAT

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The following is the result of the North West Punjab Muhammedan Constituency:

Mr. K. S. Sh. Fazal Haq, the sitting member 3,173.

Captain Malik Mumtaz Muhammad Khan 2,933.

Mr. Fazal Haq won.—A. P.

VICTORY FOR SARDAR MANGAL SINGH

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

In the East Punjab Sikh Constituency, Sardar Mangal Singh defeated the three other candidates.

The following are the votes of the respective candidates. Sardar Mangalsingh 864, Sardar Harban Singh 624, Sardar Faten Jung

(Continued on page 8)

Members of the Gandhi Seva Sena who were prominent at the Muzzafarabad Hall canvassing for the Congress candidates.

HOMBURG MAYOR CONVICTED

But Snaps His Fingers At Supreme Court And Bunks Off To Fatherland

BREACH OF NEUTRALITY

SAARBRUCKEN, Nov. 15.

The Saar Supreme Court sentenced Herr Huppersburg, Mayor of Homburg, to undergo imprisonment for 46 days and a fine of 2,000 francs for various violations of neutrality in the exercise his duties. Directly Herr Ruppersburg heard of the sentence he left for home by car and took the road leading to Germany.—Reuter's Special.

OLD PANDIT'S FAST UNTO DEATH

Protest Against Sowcar Who Bought His House

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

A report from Sheikhupura says that a 70 year old Brahmin, Pandit Labharam, who worked as a Congress volunteer during the last civil disobedience movement, has undertaken a fast (which he has declared will be unto death if necessary) in an attempt to bring round an obstinate sowcar. A number of people are visiting the place where the Pandit has been lying since the 12th observing the double vow of fasting and silence. It is stated that Labharam mortgaged his house to a local sowcar about eight years ago for Rs. 400. He is now prepared to pay back the original sum with reasonable interest, but the sowcar is not willing to part with the house unless the conditions of his bond are fulfilled.—A. P.

BANK OF FRANCE GOLD RESERVE

Depreciates Due To Ministerial Uncertainty

(Special Cable)

PARIS Nov. 15.

Gold reserve of Eank of France for week ending November depreciated by 9360 million francs in consequence of Ministerial uncertainty.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO FRONTIER GANDHI

LUCKNOW, November 15.

The Lucknow Municipal Board adopted a resolution to present an address of welcome to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan when he comes here to open the Congress Swadeshi Exhibition and sanctioned Rs. 200 for the purpose. A Committee of five members has been appointed members has been appointed to draft the address and make the other necessary arrangements.—A.P.

Death To Opium Traffickers

CHINA'S NEW LAWS

Plea For Collaboration In Anti-Narcotic Campaign

(Special Cable.)

GENEVA, Nov. 15.

Death is one of the commonest penalties for trafficking in opium, and other narcotics in China under the latest regulations communicated to the League, according to the report of the Opium Advisory Committee. Injection of morphia into another person for non-medical purposes is also punishable with death. The new regulations envisage the cessation all opium licences in China after six years.

Certain persons, chiefly aged folk or inveterate smokers are allowed to smoke opium, but all sales of opium to such people will be subject to licence.

The Chinese representative insisted on the collaboration of a certain power as necessary; otherwise the Chinese government's anti-narcotic campaign would be in vain.

MALAVIYA SEES AILING WIFE

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 15.

Pandit Malaviyaji arrived here this evening. He looks exhausted and weak owing to carbuncular abcess on his thigh. He is unable to move or stand up and had to be carried in an Arm-Chair from the train to the car outside the station. He saw his ailing wife immediately on arrival whose condition is not free from anxiety. The Vaids who were brought from Benares are attending on her.—United Press.

MOSLEY CROWD CHARGED

British Black Shirt Riot Echo In Worthing Police Court

BAIL FOR SIR OSWALD

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Arising from the scenes of the incidents following the Fascist meeting at Worthing on September 9, Sir Oswald Mosley Mr. William Joyce, director of Fascist Propaganda, Captain Bentinck Budd, the Black-Shirt Officer for West Sussex, and Mr. Bernard Mullans have been charged at the Worthing Police Court of riotous assembly.

Lengthy evidence was heard concerning the disturbance wherein blows were struck. The proceedings were very lively, eventually four men who denied the charges were committed to trial and bail was allowed on their own recognisances of £100 for Sir Oswald, and £50 each for others. An additional charge of assault against Sir Oswald Mosley was dismissed.

NEW AIR LINER CRASHES

Crew And Passenger Killed

SYDNEY, Nov. 15.

Three Englishmen crew and one Australian passenger were killed when the new air liner crashed from 1,000 feet near Longreach in Queensland.

The machine was proceeding from London to Brisbane for use on the Singapore—BBrisbane section of the new England—Australia air service.

The crew was lent for delivery of flight by the Imperial Airways. Reuter.

Youths Between 12 And 30 Debarred From Specified Public Place

NARAINGANJ, Nov. 15.

The District Magistrate of Dacca has promulgated Curfew order prohibiting persons between the ages 12 and 30 from loitering in, or sitting at, several specified places of public resort in Narainganj Town, between sunset and sunrise. Violators of the order will be liable to fines and imprisonments extending to six months.

The Order will remain in force upto July 31, 1934.—United Press.

Fighting On Persian Border

Officials And Sepoys Killed In Action

NEW DELHI, November 15.

A report from Kalat gives an indication of minor trouble on the Persian border ending in a scuffle between tribesmen and officials in the neighbourhood of the coast. It is reported that some sepoys and some local officials have been killed. The Persian Government have sent reinforcements to Jask.

Clash With Outlaw Chief

It is also reported that a party of the rebel gang under the instigation of Nawaz Khan, a notorious outlaw, have been causing trouble in Dashtiari Mir and came into conflict with the Persian authorities who have taken strong action to stop outlawry in Border outposts.

Two Sons Killed

In a recent action two sons of Nawaz Khan were killed though Nawaz himself escaped.—A.P.

PEACE MOVE IN SINKIANG

NEW DELHI Nov. 15.

The latest report from Sinkiang state that negotiations which have been lately proceeding between the Chinese authorities at Kasngar and Tungan at Karghalik, Guma and Khotan have been held up as Tungan demands are now being considered by Urumchi. The Tungans are reported to be in a happy frame of mind in spite of the difficulties they are encountering in enlisting recruits at Guma and Kotan.—A.P.

ALINGAR FAQIR'S FUTILE EFFORTS

NEW DELHI Nov. 15.

In spite of the renewed activities of the Faqir of Alingar in Bijapur the situation is quite normal there. The local population is engaged in agricultural operations and are paying no attention to the Faqir's importunate demands to fight against the Nawab of Dir.—A.P.

DISARMAMENT INDEED!

More Submarines For Japan Cruisers For Britain And Battleship For U. S.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A new naval treaty embodying concessions be every country is indicated as the probable outcome of the naval talks. Questions were put to the American delegates by British delegates yesterday, preparing the ground for such a treaty. These questions have been referred to Washington from where the American delegates are now awaiting instructions. American circles are apparently optimistic as regards the prospects of the new course outlined by the British which is designed to give Japan more submarines, America more big battleships and aircraft carriers and Britain more cruisers; but the 5|5|3 ratio is retained, although Japan is given equality in principle.—Reuter.

KAMALA NEHRU VERY ILL

Mrs. Kamala Nehru is stated to have developed pneumthorax and her condition is considered grave.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK FELT IN SHILLONG

SHILLONG, Nov. 15.

A slight earthquake shock was felt here yesterday noon. No damage is reported.—United Press.

AMERICA'S AIR ARMADA

To Build 800 More Planes To Make Force Largest In World

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

The Army Air Corps has submitted a budgetary request for 800 new aeroplanes, 500 of which are required to replace obsolete machines. The Air Corps plans are to spread the construction over three years bringing the total strength to 2400 war planes, giving the United States the largest and most uptodate air armada in the world.

STOP PRESS

MAUD SLEIGH DUDLEY SENTENCED.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Maud Sleigh Dudley has been sentenced to two years' hard labour.

JAPAN'S OFFER TO AMERICA.

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

Japan is willing to act as the intermediary between the United States and Manchukuo in the attempt to reach an amicable settlement in the controversy of the oil monopoly, announced Saito after a long conference with Mr. Cordell Hull.

TABULATED ADLETS
1 Anna Per Word.
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Required Immediately—An Assistant Professor of French. Only M.A.'s, capable of teaching English also, need apply. Salary Rs. 100—10—150. Service pensionable, when permanently appointed. Apply sharp with testimonials to:—The Principal, Bahauddin College, Junagadh (Kathiawar). (9200).

Wanted two candidates for Service Guarantee course, Prospectus on two anna stamp. Royal Institute, Sadar, Delhi. (3255).

Wanted a Gujarati Graduate teacher (Hons.) with teaching experience. Apply personally to Principal, Goculdas Tejpal High School, Kalbadevi, Bombay. (3245).

Wanted Experienced Cashier and Attorney Assistant in Attorney's Office. Apply Box No. 3249, "Bombay Chronicle."

Read Wisely—Make Money At Home in spare time. Particulars Free. Newco Service, Sunav (Via Anand). (3247).

Wanted 10 Expert representatives. Pay Rs. 35|-, plus business commissions. House rent extra. Future prospect good. Apply:—J. D. & Co., P. O. Box No. 10005, Calcutta. (R 3240).

Wanted competent Circle Officers on Rs. 150—20—350 plus office allowance with excellent future prospects to open district offices and organise sale of tea. Apply with postage. OLYMPIA TEA COMPANY, 162, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta. (3202).

M. T. B. College, Surat—Applications are invited for the temporary post of a Lecturer in Sanskrit at the M.T.B. College, Surat. None but those who have secured at least High Second Class with Sanskrit at the M.A. need apply. The selected candidate will have to join duty immediately and the appointment will be till the end of March 1935. Applications with testimonials, stating qualifications, age, experience and minimum salary expected should reach the Principal, not later than 26th November. (9192).

Wanted—Trained Teachers at Dadar (Madrasi preferred). State minimum acceptable. Apply Box No. 3242, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Packing and Invoice Clerk, knowing Typewriting for Post Parcel Business. Age not above 25 years. Apply Box No. 3234, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Graduate Trained Teacher with English and Sanskrit (Gujerati preferred). Salary Rupees Ninety. Urgently required. Apply Box No. 3236, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted an experienced Agent for Bombay to sell Gunnies, Hessian, Twine & Canvass. Apply in English, stating qualifications. Mahadyal Premchandra, 143, Harrison Road, Calcutta. (R 3241).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Washing Factory Machines: Slightly used, washers, water-extractor, polishers, mangles, etc. Dealers and purchasers ask: Raghunath Shambhu, Kundanpura Street, Muzaffarnagar U. P. (2756)

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Thana—Storied House, Twelve Rooms. Well, Sanitary arrangements. Occupied. No Taxes. Quiet healthy locality. Apply:—Doctor Mario, Empire Building, Bori-Bunder. (3244).

Portable Wash-Basin Cabinets, Racing Binocular, Rare Coins, Dental Blanks. Apply Doctor Mario, Empire Building, Bori Bunder. (R 3248).

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted A Duplicator. Must be almost new & in working order. Write with particulars & minimum price expected. P. D. Sheth & Co., Vankaner, Kathiawar. (3246).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Best Race Tips.—Mahmoud Bey, the famous Egyptian Spiritualist will give race tips as requested by his clients and friends. Don't miss this opportunity and get through his advice the best tips ever got. Call personally at Amrut Building, Dougali Road, Ballard Estate, Phone 24039. (R3232).

Consult Prof. Raval—Surprising hidden power. Occulist or Psychologist for all matters concerning yourself. Charges Re. 1. Empire Building, Boribunder, Room No. 47, Bombay (3251).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE COY., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share holders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at 4, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 24th November, 1934, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Statement of Accounts made upto 31st March, 1934. (2) To confirm the appointment of a Director appointed by the Board in place of one resigned. (3) To elect a Director for the current year in place of one, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election. (4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration. (5) To transact any other business which the chairman may bring before the meeting. Notice is also hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 19th November, 1934 to 24th November, 1934, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LAXMIDAS HARIDAS & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 10th Nov. 1934. 9203.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Appointments Of Examiners At the University Examinations for the Calendar Year 1935.

APPLICATIONS ARE HEREBY INVITED for the appointments of Examiners at the University Examinations to be held during the first half of the Calendar Year 1935, and should be sent in to the Registrar in the prescribed forms so as to reach him 'not later than FRIDAY, the 30th November, 1934. Applications received after the 30th November, 1934, will not be accepted.

2. Forms of application and particulars regarding the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar. There are two kinds of the form of application, viz: (A) for the Matriculation Examination, and (B) for Examinations other than Matriculation. Candidates should state in their requisitions for forms whether they desire to be supplied with a form of application in regard to the Matriculation Examination, or for Examinations other than the Matriculation, or for BOTH.

3. Canvassing "direct or indirect," will disqualify an applicant for appointment as Examiner.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
9202

WHITE LEPROSY
GUARANTEED CURE.
Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

QUOTATIONS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the rights of cultivating and cutting grass, removing fruit, leaves and tapping trees, cultivating and removing Shingodas and fishing, etc. in Salsette, Kasheli, Mandola and Jamboli Divisions for the year ending 31st December, 1935.

The quotations should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant before 1 p.m. (B. T.) on the 29th November, 1934, in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the purchase of rights" and accompanied by a deposit equivalent to 78 per cent. of the tendered amount.

The tender forms with the Schedule of the rights will be supplied on application at the Hydraulic Engineer's Office, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road on payment of Re. 1 per copy of each Division.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.
W. A. NIVEN,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Dated 14th November, 1934.
9197

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co

123, Meadows St., Fort, Bombay

SALE ON FRIDAY, the 16th November, 1934, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Sale Rooms of the undersigned:—

By order the Official Liquidator of The Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Co., Ltd. (in Liquidation):—

Office writing tables, chairs, file cabinet, Underwood Typewriter, Duplicators, Cupboards, Radiosets, elec. ceiling fans, copying press, 1 Godrej 'C' Quality safe size 36" x 24" x 24" with stand, etc.

By order of the party concerned:—

2 Knitting machines, household furniture and 1 Godrej safe size 42" x 27" x 25" on stand.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

D. MISTRY & Co.

GRAND AUCTION SALE

Of Motor Cars, Refrigerator, Piano, High Class up-to-date Bungalow furniture, by well-known makers, H.M.V. and Brunswick gramophones, glass, crockery, best platedware, ornaments, curios, carved furniture, &c., on SUNDAY, the 18th instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at No. 27, Peddar Road, in Mr. P. G. Singhany's bungalow. Property of A. E. Shaw, Esqr. On view Auctioneers: D. MISTRY & CO. Tel. No. 22801.

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The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

New Appointments, Transfers And Grants Of Leave Announced

The following notifications have been made in the Bombay Government "Gazette."

Mr. D. B. Naik, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhusawal, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhusawal, vice Mr. G. A. Balse proceeded on leave.

Mr. C. G. Bhatt, Officiating Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Chalisgaon, to officiate as Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhusawal, vice Mr. D. B. Naik.

The Governor in Council has confirmed Mr. L. A. Paddon-Row as Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Mr. G. A. Balse, Second Class granted leave on average pay, on Subordinate Judge, Bhusawal, is medical certificate, for four months, with effect from October 10, 1934.

Mr. M. I. Patel, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Pimpalgaon, is granted leave for one month with effect from the 4th October 1934, and is permitted to suffix thereto Sunday the November 4, 1934 and the ensuing Divali holidays from November 5, 1934. The natupre of the leave will be notified later.

Sir Howard Denning, C.I.E., I.C.S., has been permitted to retire from His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from December 11, 1934.

Mr. E. W. Grennan, Superintendent of Excise, Poona Division, is granted leave on average pay for four months and seventeen days from December 13, 1934 to April 29, 1935.

Mr. R. N. Samarth, Superintendent of Excise, Thana Division, is granted leave on average pay for four months, with effect from December 1, 1934 or the subsequent date of relief.

The following notification by the Government of India, Finance Department, is republished:—

Rai Bahadur A. C. Mukherji, Deputy Controller of the Currency, Calcutta, has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Controller of the Currency, Bombay, with effect from August 10, 1934.

The following nitification by the Government of India, Indian ed:—

Mr. M. Jagannathan Pantulu, an officiating Assestant Accounts Officer in the Office of the Accountant General, Bombal, has been confirmd provisionally in that grade in the Office of the Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the September 10 1934.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor, with the concurrence of the Honourable Minister for Education, has created a temporary post of Lady Superintendent, Urdu Training School for Women, Poona, in the Bombay Educational Service, Class II, for one year with effect from November 30, 1934 and to appoint Miss M. Shinde, 1st Assistant, Training School for Women, Poona, to hold it.

The Governor, with the concurrence of the Honourable Minister for Education, has appointed with effect from the date he takes over charge, Mr. V. K. R. V. Rao, M.A., (Bom.), B.A. (Cantab.), to the special temporary post of Professor of History and Political Economy in the Bombay Educational Service, Class I, created at the Karnatak College, Dharwar, during the absence on leave, of Dr. S. G. Panandikar, I.E.S.

Dr. S. G. Panandikar, I.E.S., Professor of History and Political Economy, Karnatak College, Dharwar, has been granted leave on average pay from the November 10, 1934 to December 10, 1934, followed by leave on half average pay up to March 8, 1935, with permission to prefix the winter vacation from the Ooctober 13, 1934 to the November 9, 1934.

Mr. B. R. Anjaria, M.B.B.S., B.M.S.,—Class II, has been posted to the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, as Surgical Registrar, with effect from October 22, 1934 forenoon vice Mr. J. M. Manekshaw, L.M. & S., B.M.S.—Class II.

Mr. J. M. Manekshaw, L.M. & S., B.M.S.—Class II has been posted as Casualty medical Officer at the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, with effect from October 22, 1934 forenoon.

(Continued from Column 7).

Morrison & Co., from Calcutta.—7241 tongs Bengal coal.

S.S. Cathay, Agents M M & Co., from London:—10 cases condensees; 50 bags boiler cover composition; 17 bundles tyres; 15 cases apples; 999 sacks p. cement; 22 cases sausages; 26 drums cable; 28 cases machnery; 110 bales box boards; 89 cases elec. machinery; 28 cases Generators.

From Alexandria—5v5 bales cotton.

For Limassol.—200 bags almonds.

From Aden.—9 bales goat skins.

S.S. Vasna, Agents, M M & Co; from Basrah.—38534 bundles dates 33 bags gall nuts; 22 bags K. skins.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.
November 15.
President Manroe, Jackstad, New York.
Kidderpore, Draper, Kobe.
Masimpur, Slave, Rangoon.
Corfu, Finch, London.

DEPARTURES.
November 15.
Tuscania, Kelly, Liverpool.
Ceylon, Torsell, Calcutta.
Corfu, Finch, Kobe.
Vasna, Rowe, Busrah.

LOADING.
November 15.
Steamer Barala for Busrah.
Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Gurna for Karachi.
Steamer Rajput for Karachi.
Steamer Rajputana for London.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Corfu:—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer Corfu, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the outward mails of the 1st instant, a general cargo and 36 passengers and hence she sailed on the same day for Kobe, etc., with mails, a general and same bottom cargo and through passengers.

S.S. President Monroe:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer President Monroe, arrived in harbour on Thursday from New York, with a general cargo, 21 saloon and 9 deck passengers.

S.S. Kidderpore:—The P and O S N Coy's steamer Kidderpore, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Kobe, with a general cargo and 1 deck passenger.

S.S. Masimpur:—The B S O S and D Coy's steamer Masimpur, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Rangoon, with a cargo of kerosene oil.

S.S. Tuscania:—The Graham T Coy's steamer Tuscania, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Ceylon:—The L Edwards, Ltd., steamer Ceylon, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a general and same bottom cargo and 3 through passengers.

S.S. Vasna:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Vasna, sailed yesterday for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS
Bombay, Nov. 15.

S.S. Rajputana for London.—1 bale pcs. lamb skins for Fuss M M & Co; 1 bundle pcs. woollen 1 bale pcs. lamb skins for furs carpets Amin Azizullah & Co; 17 cases bristles M M & Co; 48 cases bristles D Abraham & Sons; 9 cases bristles Clardec T. Drurth; 2 bales pcs. lambskin for furs Y Golamhussain Zadah.

S.S. Durenda for London.—4 bags fish maws Isinglass K M Shroff; 16 gutas Assofoetida course Hirgra D Cooverji.

S.S. Britania for Liverpool.—185 bags dill seed and 64 bags rape seed I Hasnukhlal & Co; 19200 bags groundnut oil cakes Strauss & Co; 100 bales cotton thread waste N P Maskai; 115 bags fenngreate seeds M Bhirla & Co; 25 bales wool raw David Sassoon & Co; 3 bales cotton yarn Central India W. & M. Co; 106 bales wool raw R Virchand; 50 tons Ind. Manganese oil Shivrajpur Syndicate.

For Glasgow.—6400 bags ground oil cakes Strauss & Co.

For Marseilles—515 bales Ind. Heena leaves S M Rajgor & Co.

S.S. C/Simla for Liverpool.—6 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla & Co; 27 bales wool raw M Motilal; 7 bales wool raw Anglo-Siam Corp.

For Barcelona.—105 bales cotton twist waste Eastern Trading Co.

S.S. Ockenfels for Hamburg.—1455 bags groundnut oil cakes Louis Dreyfuss & Co; 5 drums Ind. palmgrass oil A. Fida Alli & Co; 1280 bags groundnut oil cakes H V Oomerbhoy; 1400 bales groundnut oil cakes M Hoosein & Sons.

For Antwerp.—690 bags linseed oil cakes and 2100 bags groundnut oil cakes H Rawji & Co; 2000 packets groundnut oil cakes H V Oomerbhoy; 139 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS
Bombay, Nov. 15.

M.V. Himalaya, Agents Lloyd Triestino Sourabaya from Java.—17904 bags sugar; 95 bags betalnuts; 15 bags long pepper; 120 drums alcohol.

From Semerang.—502 bags Java sugar.

From Penaroekan—4017 bags sugar.

From Chesibon.—327 bags tapioca seeds.

From Batavia—11 cases quinine 212 bags betal nuts.

S.S. Gogra, M M & Co., from Rangoon.—212 teak squares; 803 pieces team teak planks; 286 bds. teak planks; 18747 bundles teak scant lags; 90099 pieces teak scant lags; 175 bags millet.

From Calicut.—25 jottas cotton yarn; 100 bales raw cotton; 201 bags dry ginger.

From Colombo.—14 cases silk piece goods.

S.S. Rahman, Agents Turner

(Continued in Col. 6).

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Three Motor Accidents In Bombay

Four Injured In Car And Ghary Collision On Thursday

Reports of three Serious Motor Accidents in Bombay streets were to hand on Thursday.

A little Hindu Boy was knocked down in Girgaum and is in a serious condition.

A car collided with a Victoria in Mohamed Ali Road and four persons sustained serious injuries.

The driver of the car was arrested.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at the inquest on the body of the poor woman who was killed by an electioneering car

Crash Of Car And Victoria

Another accident, involving a motorcar and a Victoria and which resulted in injuries to two persons, on either side, was reported at the Junction of the Mohmed Ali and Masjid Bunder Roads.

The driver of the car, Nanda Prasad Sing Gaya Prasad was alleged to be racing with other lorries on the road.

At the junction of Mohmed Ali and Masjid Roads a head-on collision between his car and a Victoria took place with the result that two persons in the Victoria and the other two sitting inside the car sustained multiple injuries.

The driver of the car was arrested on Wednesday and placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on charges of rash and negligent driving.

The bail period was extended by the Presidency Magistrate.

CAR KNOCKS DOWN BOY

Victim Of Accident In Girgaum In Precarious Condition

A serious motor accident took place on Thursday morning in the Princess Street Section resulting in serious injuries to a six-year-old Hindu boy, who is at present lying unconscious at the G. T. Hospital. His condition is considered to be precarious.

It appears at 10 a.m. car No. W-4161, belonging to Mr. Karsondas Narandas, was going along the Dadyset Agyari Lane towards Kalbadevi. While the car was passing the Junction of the 2nd Fanaswadi Cross Lane and Dadyset Agyari Lane, it is stated a six-year-old Hindu boy rushed out from a building and dashed against the rear right mudguard of the vehicle and fell down on the road.

The car was immediately stopped and Police under Sub-Inspector Khan rushed to the place. The boy, who was lying unconscious underneath the car, was removed to the G.T. Hospital.

The boy has sustained several injuries including the fracture of the nasal bone. The doctors opine that the boy will not survive long.

He has not yet been identified and the Police are carrying on investigations.

ANOTHER STOVE TRAGEDY

Dadar Woman's Saree Ignited By Spurt Of Boiling Oil

A verdict of death due to burns accidentally sustained was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Thursday on the body of Laxmibai Hemchand, Dadar.

Laxmibai, it is stated, was cooking her food, when the nipple of the stove burst open and the oil spurted out with the result that the flames flared up and caught her saree.

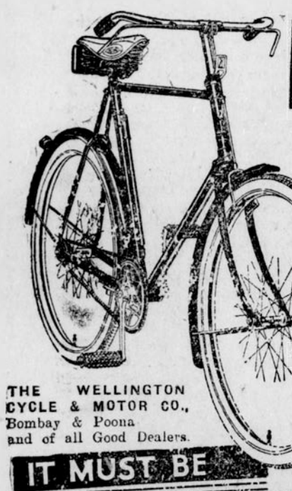
She died in the K. E. M. Hospital and a verdict as stated above, was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Thursday.

ARRESTED FOR LOITERING

Subbarao Raoji and Dhakoo Baloo were arrested on Wednesday night for loitering about under suspicious circumstances near the DeLisle Road Maidan.

Mr. M. A. F Coelho, 5th Presidency Magistrate, Dadar ordered them to be released on a bail of Rs. 50 till the 28th November.

At a meeting of Bombay Liberal Federation Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale of Satara has been elected President of the Reception Committee for the forthcoming session of the Federation to be held at Poona during Christmas Week.



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Bombay & Poona
and of all Good Dealers.

IT MUST BE A RALEIGH THIS TIME!

CASTOPHENE
CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
ACTS GENTLY LIKE NATURE

Agents:
CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO., Princess Street, BOMBAY

UNCONSCIOUS BUT CHARGED

Strange Procedure In Case Of Man Lying In Hospital

An unknown Mahomedan found concealed in the roof of a "Durga" on Wednesday at Mulatan Street with an iron bar and lying in an unconscious state was charged on Thursday by the Dongri Police with trespass.

It is stated that the accused was even now in an unconscious state in the Police Hospital and the police in applying for a remand stated that no injuries were found on his body.

The Magistrate granted a week's remand, pending inquiries into the antecedants and the name of the accused.

FACTION FIGHT ACCUSED IN COURT

Charge Of Culpable Homicide: Second Victim In Precarious Condition

Halim Gool, arrested on Wednesday in connection with the fracas at Memonwadi Road, was placed on Thursday before Mr. I.S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

He was charged under several sections, causing grievous hurt with culpable homicidal intent being one of them.

The Dongri Police in applying for the remand, stated that he was the leader of the gang and that he entered the room where Sultan Mir Mir Zaman and Ali Gor were sleeping on the groundfloor, at Memonwadi Road, armed with sticks.

In the fracas that ensued both the residents of the room were alleged to have been beaten mercilessly, so much so that they had to be rushed to the J. J. Hospital.

The condition of Sultan Mir is reported to be critical.

Mr. Kamalakar, opposing a remand, stated that the bail period might be reduced, in view of the fact that the medical certificate was not produced and that the condition of both the patients was not critical.

The Police not objecting, the Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded for a couple of days, pending the arrest of his alleged companion and further inquiries.

WOMAN ACCUSED OF BIGAMY

Father And Daughter Committed To Sessions

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, Nov. 15.

Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, committed to Sessions Bhikaji Malhari and his daughter Chandrabhaga, aged 25, of Dadar (Bombay) to stand their trial on charges of having induced the complainant Sakhya Hari Bhimaji of Kurla to "marry" on January 19 last the second accused in the life time of her former husband Lakshman Narsu of Malegaon, whom she had deserted, and of having cheated the complainant to the extent of Rs. 200 by falsely representing that she was to be remarried, as her husband was dead.

The prosecution case is that the complainant Sakhya Hari Bhimaji, aged 30, was a mill-hand residing at Kurla for a very long time. The first accused represented to the complainant that Chandrabhaga was living with him since the death of her husband about three years ago, but as he was involved in debts his daughter was to be remarried. Believing the accused's story, the complainant "married" Chandrabhaga on January 19 last in the presence of the caste people. At that time both the accused passed a writing to that effect. The complainant, thereupon, paid Rs. 200 to the first accused. After marriage, the second accused used to run away often to her father's place. All efforts to reconcile her through the caste people were in vain. The complaint lodged by the second accused against her husband (present complainant) in the Court at Dadar was dismissed. Subsequent inquiries revealed that the second accused was married to Lakshman Narsu of Malegaon, whom she had deserted but not divorced. The former husband was examined in the committing Magistrate's Court.

The dates of Golden Jubilee celebration of the Thakore Saheb of Gondal have been fixed in the middle of December when prominent Indian Princes and politicians are expected to be present in Gondal.

GAMBLING CONVICTIONS QUASHED

Identity Not Proved In Chowpatty New Grand Club Case

The sentence of a fine of Rs. 500 passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Abubakar Tyab on the charge of keeping or using the New Grand Club at Chowpatty for the purpose of a common gaming house was quashed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court on Thursday.

In September 1933, the police raided the Club and seized several documents and articles alleged to be instruments of gambling.

The prosecution alleged that the Club was a proprietory concern, started in 1933 by seven persons and various games including "manna" were played there.

Among the partners was one Abubhai who, according to the prosecution, was the appellant himself.

All the seven persons were convicted by the Magistrate who accepted the prosecution version.

The appellant appealed to the High Court.

Mr. Cardon Noad who appeared for the appellant contended that he was known as Abubakar Tyab or as Abubakar but never as "Abubhai." There were some members of the club who were known as "Abubhai."

In setting aside the conviction and sentence, their lordships observed that there was not sufficient evidence to justify the finding of the Magistrate that "Abubhai" was the appellant himself.

The only evidence against him was of one Damodar, a police informant, whose evidence could not be accepted without corroboration. It was possible, thate there was another person known as Abubhai who was one of the members of the Syndicate that ran the club.

"LARGE TURN-OVER"

Judgment was delivered on Thursday by the 5th Presidency Magistrate Dadar in the case in which Dharsi Raoja and ten others stood charged for being present in a common gaming house in the compound of Dinshaw Wadia at Parel Tank Ambewadi for the purpose of gaming (satta betting)

Sub-Inspector Gani sent a bogus punter to the gambling den on the 15th of October, and on the punter's return with a satta slip from the den the Sub-Inspector with other constables raided the place which was but a tin shed and arrested the eleven persons.

Dharsi Raoji, the keeper of the house, and Hasinukhrao Naravanrao, who assisted him actively pleaded guilty and the Magistrate sentenced the first accused to pay a fine of Rs. 200 "in view of the large turnover shown by his satta slips found in the shed."

Accused No. 2 was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150 or in default to undergo 3 weeks R. I.

Kalyan Premji and Balkison Jagannath who could not account for their presence in the den at the time of the raid were each sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25 in default to undergo 1 week's S. I.

The other seven accused were acquitted.

AND FOUR MORE

Ramchandra Laxman and three others were arrested on Tuesday night under a gambling warrant, issued by the Deputy Commissioner, Crime Branch.

To enable to Police to complete their inquiries they have been released on bail till the 23rd Nov.

INSURED ARTICLES STOLEN

RANGOON, Nov 15.

The Meiktila police are at present investigating the mysterious disappearance of insured articles valued at over Rs. 3,000 from the Thazi Sorting Office.

The theft was only discovered when the insured cover was opened.—A. P.

The Annual Conference of the Association Chambers of Commerce will be held at Calcutta on December 17 and 18. The Hon'ble S. D. Gladstone will preside over the Conference and the Viceroy will open the proceedings.

GOLD-DIGGERS OF 1934

Simple Neighbour Duped By Story Of Treasure From The Earth

An interesting story, revealing how a person claiming to know the secret of unearthing gold and valuable articles from the bowels of the earth by dint of certain ceremonies duped an innocent neighbour, was narrated on Thursday before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

Ahmedsha Babaoha, it is stated, induced Laxman Bajaya to believe that he knew the secret of ferreting out the treasures of the earth and that he could get them out for the former, if only the latter could get some money to be spent on some preliminary ceremonies.

Although the accused was said to have received gold and cash to the extent of nearly Rs. 89, nothing came out of his promise or out of the earth.

On the other hand he was stated to have approached the complainant for something more, putting him off with further promises of gold.

At last the complainant suspected mischief in the "ruse" and lodged a complaint with the police.

The accused was ordered to be remanded for a period of 14 days, pending further inquiries.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION

Charge Against Editor And Publisher Of "Kachhi Dasha Oshwal"

(From A Correspondent.)
KURLA, Nov. 15.

The hearing the defamation case in which the editor and the publisher of "Shri Kachhi Dasha Oshwal Prakash," a monthly magazine, are charged with defamation by Velji Bhanji, a merchant and a member of the same community, started to-day before the Residency Magistrate of Kurla.

Messrs Chhelshankar D. Vyas and Dave appeared for prosecution, while Mr. Patankar defended the accused.

Mr. Vyas opened the case for the prosecution by putting questions to the complainant, who replied that he was a member of the managing committee of the Kachhi Dasha Oshwal community and that Hansraj Velji, the first accused was the editor, and Padamshi Damji Khona, the second accused, was the printer and publisher of the caste Magazine.

The complainant further stated in his examination-in-chief that since he had refused to side with the plaintiff in a High Court Suit in which one of the accused was a defendant and was yet helping the plaintiff, the accused become inimical to him. Later the accused published an article in the caste-magazine purporting to have been signed by a fictitious person and alleging that the complainant had agreed to work as a volunteer for a "one pice fund" and go from house to house with a bag to collect pice from every house. The complainant had never started any such fund nor had any member of the caste done it. The accused had refused to disclose the name of the author of the said article. They had meant to convey that the complainant was pursuing the business of a beggar. Later the complainant received a money order of one anna purporting to have been remitted by one Ratansi Damji, the brother of the second accused and addressed to the complainant as "Paisa Fundwalla."

Among several exhibits, Mr. Vyas tendered the coupon of the money order. It was objected to by counsel for the accused, but when Mr. Vyas showed the relevancy of this piece of evidence, it was finally allowed to go in.

Other exhibits were also put in. While tendering the issue of the caste Magazine containing an explanation published by the accused, the complainant said that it defamed him all the more. Besides, it was published without any caption, whereas the original defamatory article was published with glaring head lines.

The case stands adjourned to 27th instant.

RAID AT BHOIWADA

The Bhoiwada Police raided, under a gambling warrant issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Crimes Branch, on Wednesday night the house of Waman Sadanand Surve and arrested him.

Several 'satta' slips, two marked coins and some cash were found in the room.

He was placed on Thursday before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Fifth Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, and released on bail till the 23rd November.

London, Nov. 14.—The P and O declared five per cent dividend on preferred shares and no dividend on deferred shares

BUT The Paste MUST BE

Alembic TOOTH PASTE

IT KEEPS PYORRHOEA AWAY

Purchase two tubes of this super dentifrice today and you will receive free an elegant specially designed Swan Pencil

The Alembic Boro-Thymolin Tooth Paste whitens the teeth and does not injure the enamel; nor does it hurt a delicate mouth.
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Made by CARR'S of Carlisle
ENGLAND

LATEST GALLOP NOTES

Kilfinane And Quick Image Impress On Track

Jaffal, Cammille And Atiyat Allah Work Well

(From Our Racing Correspondent)

The late rains have made the track quite springy and some fast timings have been recorded at Mahaluxmi. The state of the track may flatter the clock breakers, therefore readers are advised not to be carried away by the stories of touts about the relative merits of the candidates engaged.

Jockey F. Northmore met with a slight mishap early in the week while exercising an English horse, but hopes to ride on Saturday if his wrist is not too painful. The following gallops were noted:—

RESTORMEL (O'Neale) had THE NUN (Meekings) for company in a 6 furlongs gallop on the tan. The latter moved well and will bear watching.

CARTOON (Me kings) easily disposed of ROLL UP (Mr. M. Weymss) in a 3 furlongs spurt. The former is quite sound again.

STAFF OFFICER (J. Munro) and STARFORD (Raffaele) covered 6 furlongs on the tan. This pair are quite fit and should in early.

SEATON ROSS (Stead) was sent an easy 7 furlongs gallop. Requires time.

PERMARCH (Harding) shaped well over 5 furlongs. Has maintained Poona form.

CAVERN (Selby) was sent an easy 6 furlongs. This one will win when wanted.

CAMILLE (Dillon) gave a speedy display over 5 furlongs. She is one of the fittest horses in Byramji's string at the moment.

AURANGZEBE (Marrable) finished in front of PHARE (Bell) over 6 furlongs on the tan.

GREEK GLEN (Munro) beat BRIGHT NIGGER (Malone) and YOUNG BACHELOR (Riding Boy) in a mile trial on the grass track. The first named is in fine trim.

CORCY (Stead) extended R. T. C. (Raffaele) over 7 furlongs. Fair.

ABUNDANCE (Selby) held MONREALE (Graham) over a mile. The former finished strongly and is very fit.

KNOCKDON (Brace) made a favourable impression in a mile gallop on the grass. She has struck form.

HOLLYWOOD NIGHTS (Brace) moved well when sent a mile on the grass track. Is fit for the fray.

HONEYSUCKLE (Rowley) was in front of TRURO (Blyth) at the end of a 7 furlongs gallop.

ORATORIO (Blyth) travelled 7 furlongs on the tan, moving splendidly. Keep an eye on him.

KILFINANE (Munro) proved too good for FORECAT (Raffaele) in a rousing 7 furlongs gallop on the grass. The former should about win on Saturday.

THORNHAM (Riding Boy) went 6 furlongs on the tan. Fit and well.

QUICK IMAGE (Brace) beat a stablemate over a mile on the grass. The former should be noted.

SILVER LADY II (Brace) made a good show over 7 furlongs on the grass.

HATLESS (Selby) and BETTY BOOP (Graham) were not stretched over a mile, but they are both fit.

ARGONAUT (Obaid) was restricted to pace work over a mile. This one likes the Bombay course and is showing signs of a return to form.

CRAWFORD (Davison) accompanied KARAM ALLAH (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs on the tan. A fit pair.

DANGER (Dillon) was superior to MONEY ORDER (Riding Boy) over 5 furlongs on the grass.

FIRSAN (Meekings) traversed 8 furlongs on the tan in good style.

RAJPUT (Marrable) showed to advantage over 6 furlongs.

ATIYAT ALLAH (Bell) moved in fine style when sent 6 furlongs. Should run well on Saturday.

RIYAD II (Blyth) beat HAPPY KING (Raffaele) by a couple of lengths over 6 furlongs on the tan.

FARHAN PASHA (Simmons) showed great improvement when sent 7 furlongs.

DEFENDER (Evans) and GOOLAB (McCarthy) were exercised over 6 furlongs. Both look well.

FADDAK (Blyth) easily defeated SUN ROSE (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs.

HARRY JOHNSON (Selby) moved freely over 6 furlongs.

JAFFAL (Riding Boy) put up a smart gallop over 6 furlongs on the tan. Should trouble the Judge on Saturday.

TAIR AL ZAMAN (Riding Boy) worked satisfactorily over 6 furlongs.

AMRITSAR (Raffaele) and FAUST (Munro) finished abreast over 6 furlongs on the grass. Good.

GUL JAMAL (Simmons) beat SIR JAMAL (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs.

EMPEROR (Simmons) went 6 furlongs. Fair.

SILVER FISH (B. McQuade) proved superior to a stablemate in a mile gallop. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

WATCHMAKER II (Riding Boy) travelled 7 furlongs, finishing strongly.

BLANCHE (Riding Boy) finished slightly better than HAVANA (Harding) over a mile.

IMPERIAL (Riding Boy) did pace work over 6 furlongs. He is very fit.

THE KING'S NEW CAR

Will Be Used For State Occasions

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The king, it is learned has ordered a new British car to be delivered for his use early in the New Year.

It is a 12-cylinder model of the same make as his previous cars. It will be for the King's use on State occasions.

The bodywork will be similar to previous royal cars and will be finished in the Royal colours. —red and marroon.

Richards Completes 200 Winners Of Season

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Nov. 14

Gordon Richards, champion jockey, completed 200 winners in the season winning the Hardwicke plate on "Minor" at Derby

Richards is assured the championship having over 70 winners fore than the veteran Freddy Fox.

AUSTIN TO QUIT AMATEUR STATUS

LONDON, Nov. 13

Following the decisions of the Americans Stoefen and Lott, to turn professional, it is now stated that Austin, the British Davis Cup player, is considering, a handsome offer to turn professional.—Reuter.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Only Eight Runners In Epsom Plate Of 6 Furlongs

The following are the acceptances for the First Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

1st Race: 2-15 p. m.

THE HELIOPOLIS PLATE. (Div. I.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. maidens at the time of starting W. A. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under. 4 lbs.

Laffy 9-3, Faddak 8-12, Nahab 8-12, Faidan 8-12, Tair al Zaman 8-12, Lucky Day 8-12, Saffar 8-12, Sir Jamal 8-8, Arab King 8-6, Amritsar 8-5, King Fuad 8-5, Ruby Fish 7-13, Ashroff 7-13 and Dark Horse 7-13.

2nd Race: 2-45 p. m.

THE HELIOPOLIS PLATE. (Div. II.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. maidens at the time of starting W. A. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under. 4 lbs.

Gold Bar 9-3, Hadban Beg 9-2, Emperor 9-2, Sun Rose 8-12, Companion 8-12, Jaffal 8-12, Dolfuss 8-12, Grey Beauty 8-12, Gul Jamal 8-12, Poppy Day 8-12, Adnan -12, Taj Mahus 8-10, Sallal Ahmar 8-6, Harry Johnson 7-13 and Resident 7-13.

3rd Race: 3-15 p. m.

THE MAHALAXMI PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over 7 lbs. or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Saint Fortunat 9-3, Rolls Royce 8-10, Dhuboob 8-8, Chabookchi 8-6, Silver Fish 8-2, Watchmaker II 8-2, Barkhat 8-2, Havana 8-2, Imperial 7-13, Khalid 7-10, Taj Bahadur 7-10, Hussun al Iraq 7-1 and Mabrook 7-1.

4th Race: 3-45 p. m.

THE NURSERY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,700; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Pomagne 10-0, Sanguine 9-7, Honeysuckle 9-7, Waivera 8-1, Fashionable 7-9, Malaya 7-5 and Poetry 7-5.

5th Race: 4-15 p. m.

THE EPSOM PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Cavern 9-4, Restormel 8-12, Celebrator 8-12, Camille 8-11, Seaton Ross 8-9, Aurangzebe 8-4, Ibrani 8-4 and Permarch 8-4.

6th Race: 4-45 p. m.

Blue Funnel 8-11, Crawford 8-8, tance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Chivalresque 9-9, Anomalous 8-5, Monreale 9-2, Abundance 9-0, Hollywood Nights 9-0, Knockdon 8-13, World's Work 7-4, Greek Glen 8-7, Phare 8-4, Bright Nigger 8-4, Saint Amour 8-4, Dandy Brush 7-9, R. T. C. 7-7 and Kirkibost 7-7.

7th Race: 5-15 p. m.

THE BEGINNERS' PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,700; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Witch Music 9-7, Oratorio 9-4, Truro 9-4, Essexbrook 9-0, Thornham 8-13, Hatless 8-12, Silver Lady II 8-8, Quick Image 7-12, Kilfinane 8-3, The Relic 8-2, Ascalon 8-1 and Forecat 8-1.

8th Race: 5-45 p. m.

THE MOHAMMERAH PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arabs in class II.

Argonaut 9-6, Rajput 9-6, Suhama 7-10, Tennyson 9-4, Rustom 9-1, Quarry 9-1, Riyad II 8-13, Blue Funnel 8-11, Crawford 8-8, Danger 8-7, Firsan 8-7, Goolab 8-5, Mal Allah 8-4 Ambassador 8-2, Atiyat Allah 8-2, Shogat Aziz 8-1, Hush Hush 8-1, Defender 7-12, Farhan Pasha 7-11, Mascat 7-10 and Salami 7-4.

KAYE DON'S HEALTH IN JAIL

Kaye Don's health in prison in Douglas, Isle of Man, is causing considerable anxiety, and efforts are being made in London to obtain a remission of his four months' sentence.

He is depressed, and his general condition is not good.

Well-known racing drivers, who are close friends of Kaye Don, have decided to approach the Home Secretary.

It will be urged that Don's health provides sufficient excuse for a remission, and that the peculiar conditions in the Isle of Man, where he is the only first-class prisoner, make his sentence more severe than would be the case at a mainland prison.

MRS. DON WORRIED

Mrs. Kaye Don has seen her husband several times, and is very worried about the change in her husband.

A friend who attempted to see him was refused permission.

Although the official racing organisations have decided that they cannot take any action, the "News of the World" learns that a number of individual drivers have decided to boycott the Isle of Man.

INDIAN FOOTBALL TOURISTS PRAISED

Figures published in connexion with the recent tour in South Africa of the All-India soccer team reveal a cash surplus of £115-2-10 with an outstanding of £47-2-6 bringing the credit balance to £162-5-4. In concluding an interesting report on the tour, Mr. P. B. Singh, the South African manager, makes the following observations:

"This initial tour was a most successful one, the members of the team deported themselves as thorough sportsmen and gentlemen on and off the field and have created a most favourable impression among all communities in South Africa."

MANCHESTER NOVEMBER HANDICAP ACCEPTANCES

Hill Song Allotted 9-1 With Brunswick On Same Mark

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The following are the final acceptors for the Manchester November Handicap with their weights:

HILL SONG 9-1, BRUNSWICK 9-1, LUCKY PATCH 8-9, NEGRO 8-9, ACHTENAN 8-6, GAINSLAW 8-6, ROBBER CHIEF 8-4, THRAPSTON 8-4, SPADE 8-3, FREE FARE 8-1, HANDS OFF 8-1, FOX MASQUE 8-0, JESMOND DENE 7-13, JEAN'S DREAM 7-12, IRON GREY 7-12, SPRING MORNING 7-11, SOLOMINT 7-11, LA: SOURICERE 7-10, SOLAR BOY 7-9, PIPEMMA 7-9, CANTEENER 7-9, MISANTHROPE 7-7, TRAPPER 7-7, SANS ESPOIR 7-6, BLACK TULIP 7-5, LINCRUSTA 7-3, GAMES MASTER 6-13, HIKER 6-11, ARTESIAN 6-11, MONEYBOX 6-10, SCARLET RIVER 6-8, SERENITA 6-7, ST. BOSWELLS 6-7, EPEJEN 6-7.—Reuter's Special Service.

His Excellency Hyde Clarendon Gowen, Governor of the Central Provinces visited the Sir Montague Butler Boy Scouts Head Quarters at Jubbulpore on Tuesday afternoon and inspected the rally of the various troops of the town, being their Chief Scout himself.

ELECTION FATALITY

Jury Record Verdict Of "Accidental Death" In Case Of Woman Killed By Car

The death of a Hindu woman, at Dadar, on whose body an inquest was held on Thursday, came as an aftermath of the electioneering campaign.

Mahabai Anji (35) was knocked down it is stated, by motorcar No. X-3132, driven by Mahommed Kassam, residing at Dockyard Road, on Wednesday.

She was immediately rushed to the K.E.M. Hospital, but she succumbed to her injuries on the way to the hospital.

A Parsi youth, calling himself a "volunteer" in the election-eering campaign, and a "technical student," in giving evidence before the Jury said, that he was in the car at the time when the accident happened, and that, the driver of the car was taking it back on the Mancherji Joshi Road to the polling booth.

All of a sudden, witness stated, he heard a gargling sound from behind and the driver leaning out of the window saw a woman in an unconscious state. He had some water brought to her, but he could not say what happened afterwards.

A verdict of death due to injuries accidentally sustained while reversing the car, was returned by the Coroner's Jury.

THEFT AT SANTA CRUZ STATION

Cat Burglars Rifle Booking Office Safe After Closing Time

A sensational theft from the Santa Cruz Station Booking Office in the early hours on Thursday morning, is engaging the attention of the Suburban Police.

The booking clerk, who opened the door of the office early in the morning, was surprised to find the cash-box broken open, and immediately informed the Station Master and the Santa Cruz Police.

For a time the Police were puzzled as to how the burglars found access to the Booking Office which is locked from outside at 7 p. m. when the Booking clerk goes off duty.

It was discovered that they removed a couple of tiles from the roof. No great dexterity was needed for this, as the Santa Cruz Booking Office is a ramshackle affair, and the drop from the roof is only about ten feet.

The extent of loss sustained is not yet known, but it cannot be very heavy, for overnight, a major portion of the office cash was transferred to the Head Office, and the thieves could only lay their hands upon the petty cash.

Milkmaid is a first grade baby food. Without a rival for general household use. It goes three times as far as local cows' milk

Since you *must* have MILK

Select it with at least as much care as you buy other milk products, like butter and cheese..... Buy the SAFEST AND PUREST milk available —Nestle's MILKMAID MILK. Guaranteed full cream guaranteed 100 per cent pure, wholesome and nutritious.....

MILKMAID MILK

NSK. 2.

HEALTH

HERE is youthful health for you, here at last is a tonic that will really conquer weakness of body and nerves—Sanatogen.

Vigour, radiant vitality — the very elements in Sanatogen consist of these. With Sanatogen you drink in new health. Day by day your vitality improves, day by day your troubles diminish and a flow of new life goes through your veins.

The feeling of youth returns, for youth is not a matter of years, it is a matter of health. Life again becomes a thing of joy —one will be that tired feeling and irritability, that sleeplessness and anæmia. A few weeks and you will be full of vigour and aglow with health.

Every Chemist and Bazar-keeper sells Sanatogen. Buy a bottle to-day, then you will soon enjoy the priceless pleasure of youthful vigour and radiant health.

Sanatogen has been recommended in writing, by over 25,000 physicians because it is a scientifically reliable tonic food.

Being a food and in no way a drug it cannot possibly do harm, but *must* do you good.

It is recommended for

General Debility, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Vitality, Loss of Appetite, Anæmia.

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

Sold at all Chemists and Bazars

Now also obtainable in half-size bottles at about half price

Dr. B. N. DESAI, L. M. & S. (Vadifalia, SURAT)

Cures **HYDROCELE** Without Operation

Radically in 15 minutes. In Bombay every month from 1st to 6th IN SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.

For Booklet of details and certs, send 3 annas stamps.

Good Health means Happiness

Dr. De JONGH'S

LIGHT BROWN

COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & **ALL WASTING DISEASES**

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Shud 10, 1991.
Muslim: Shaban 8, 1353.
Parsi: Khordad 11, 1304.
Sunrise: 6h. 46m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
High Water: 7-18, 20-21
Low Water: 0-52, 14-03.

SATURDAY, November 17

S. S. 'Rajputana' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: First Day of the Winter Meeting.

SUNDAY, November 18.

Five miles cycle race, Oval, 7 a.m.

TUESDAY, November 20.

Mr. I. H. Taunton's lecture on "The work of the Municipal Commissioner, Nagpada Neighbourhood House, 6-30 p.m.
Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

We have received a tear-off Calendar for Samvat 1991 from Messrs. M. Vadilal and Co., Bombay.

LAJPAT RAI DAY AT KALYAN

There will be a public meeting in the Andhra Association Hall at 9 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday) to observe the 6th death anniversary of Late Lala Lajpat Rai—The Lion Of The Punjab.

THE TIVIMNENSES UNION

The annual cricket match between the Lusitanian Sporting Club and a team of Tivimnenses will be played on the Medical Gymkhana Grounds, Kennedy Sea Face, on Sunday November 18, commencing at 11 a.m. (S.T.)

The match will be followed by a social gathering (flannel Dance) of the members of the Tivimnenses Union and of the Lusitanian Sporting Club and their friends in the Medical Gymkhana Pavilion.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Hide-out". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Sacred Scandal". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Morning Glory". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"20 Million Sweethearts." Daily at 4, 6-0 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sign of the Cross." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Wild Gold." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Nadira". Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Daku Mansur". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday, Sunday and holidays at 3 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit-Manthan". Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, on Saturday, Sundays and Holidays at 3 p.m.
PALACE—"Dancing Lady." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Chandidas" Daily at 4 6-30 and 10 p.m. Special show for ladies to-day at 10-30 a.m.
MAJESTIC—"Piya Piyare". Time as usual.
KOHINOOR—"Tarzan and His Mate." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Three Musketeers" To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. A Selection of Music by the Reller Band relayed from the Grand Oriental Hotel. 1-15 p.m. History for Junior School Certificate Classes.

6 p.m. A special programme arranged by the Y. M. C. A. Male Voice Choir consisting of Negro Spirituals and Folk Songs sung by the Choir, with vocal and instrumental interludes by well-known local artistes. 7 p.m. Health Heroes Series Talk. 7-15 p.m. An Hour with the Celebrated Artistes. (Records). 8-15 p.m. General News. 8-30 p.m. A Variety Entertainment, broadcast from the Studio.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. The B. B. C. Dance Orchestra directed by Henry Hall. 8-30 p.m. Nightmare Series—No. 3. A Queer Story by Lady Cynthia Asquith. (Told by the Author). 8-45 p.m. "Fireside Party,". An intimate programme, devised by Ronald Hill, with dialogue by Robert Tredinnick, and special musical arrangements by Ray Terry. 9-30 p.m. The B. B. C. Northern Orchestra. (Leader, Alfred Barker) Conductor ,T. H. Morrison. 10 p.m. The News and announcements. 10-20 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra. (Leader, A. Rossi.) Under the direction of Emillio Colombo, Relayed from the Hotel Metropole London. 10-45 p.m. Dance music. 11-15 p.m. Close down.

FORT CO-OP. INSTITUTE

An Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Fort Co-operative Institute, will be held to-day (Friday), at 6-0 p.m. at the Institute's Office, Sir Vithaldas Thackarsey Memorial Building 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, to mourn the loss of late Mr. A. C. Desai, Assistant Registrar Co-operative Societies, Bombay Division, Bombay.

SHETH G. M. JAIN HOSTEL

The second term of the Sheth Gokuldas Mulchand Jain hostel situated opposite Elphinston Road has began from 10th November. Admission to the hostel is open for any student of Hindu community. For admission, apply to Superintendent G. M. Jain Hostel, Elphinston Road.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY.

"The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road, for the week ending November 10, was 302; of these 219 were males and 83 females."

DONATIONS TO OPTHALMIC HOSPITAL.

The following donations to the K. B. Haji Bachoo Ali Free Opthalmic Hospital have been announced:

Rs. 500 from Messrs. Patel and Co., Bombay thru' Mr. Venilal Nanalal, Solicitor.

Rs. 250 from Mr. M. N. Wagle, 11A Bhatwadi, Girgaon, in memory of late Mrs. Manjulabai Bhandare.

TECHNICAL SCHOOL FOR BERAR

Will Do More Good Than Arts Colleges

(From A Correspondent).

AKOLA, (By Mail).

The proposed Technical School at Darwah in Berar is likely to be established next year. It is gratifying indeed that the ceaseless efforts of the well-known Muslim leader of Akola Mr. S. M. Rahman M.L.C. have been crowned with success. It is mainly due to the endeavours of Mr. Rahman inside and outside the C.P. Legislative Council.

The proposed aided Institution will impart instruction in carpentry, smithy, and tailoring through the medium of Urdu and will be the first Institute of its kind in C.P. and Berar. It is high time that more schools of handicrafts are started in the Province. These small technical institutes are likely to do more good to the real cause of the country than the big Arts Colleges which are daily increasing the number of the unemployed.

There is not much scope even for the graduates of the big Technical Colleges till the country gets intensely industrialised. But there is a continuous demand for trained artisans and the proposed institute at Darwah will meet to some extent the crying need of the province.

SEABORNE TRADE AT PORT OKHA

(From A Correspondent.)

PORT OKHA (Kathiawar Nov. 12.

The total imports of merchandise at Port Okha during the month of October 1934 amounted to tons 1,502 valued Rs. 399,977; consisting of tons 608 Sugar valued Rs. 60,257; tons 44 G.P. Sheets valued Rs. 8,663; tons 211 Dry and wet Dates valued Rs. 17,135; tons 102 Glass sheets valued Rs. 18,758; and machinery etc tons 537 valued Rs. 295,164. The total Export during the same period amounted to tons 825 consisting of tons 800 Cement; 17 tons Seeds and tons 8 wool etc. The number of steamers that entered the port was 5.

The total Import during the corresponding period amounted to tons 772 valued Rs. 198,010, consisting of tons 54 G.P. and G.P. Sheets valued Rs. 10,296; tons 80 Bleaching Powder valued Rs. 7,252; and Machinery etc valued Rs. 1,80,462. The total Export during the same period amounted to tons 3,124 consisting of tons 2,575 Cement; tons 350 Seeds; and tons 199 Magnesium etc. The number of steamers that entered the port was 6.

Delhi Seva Sadan

The Secretary of the Delhi Seva Sadan writes:

Besides English, Hindi, Sanskrit, and Music classes for ladies, the Seva Sadan Delhi has started Painting and Drawing classes for ladies and for the Girls' High School.

More accommodation has been added to the Montessori and Kindergarten department where boys are also admitted.

The New Boarding House Block at the Seva Sadan premises, 11 Rajpur Road (Civil Lines) with modern sanitary equipments provides increased Boarding House accommodation.

Exhibition Committee To Meet

An urgent meeting of the members of the Exhibition Sub-Committee will be held on Saturday, the 17th Instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Congress House, when the report of the Exhibition will be read, and any other matters will be discussed with the permission of the Chief.

It has also been decided to take a group photograph on that day of all the members of the Committee at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) when all the members are earnestly requested to be present.

LAJPATRAI ANNIVERSARY

To celebrate the death anniversary of the late Lala Lajpatrai, there will be a public meeting, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, to-morrow (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the "New Congress Hall" above the B. P. C. C. offices at the Congress House.

LECTURE ON QUORAN

Under the auspices of the Quaranic Society Professor Zahuruddin Ahmed will deliver lecture in Urdu on Quran every Sunday in the Anjuman Islam High School (ground floor) at Bori Bunder from 4-30 to 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

MALARIA CARRIERS.

The following is the list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi the Malaria Carrier, was detected breeding during the week ending Nov. 10.

Hornby Road Premises Nos. 337-339; places where larvae were detected Tin.

Haines Road Premises Nos. 746-752 places where larvae were detected Cistern No. 27.

Haines Road Premises Nos. 746-752 places where larvae were detected Cistern No. 28

Connought Road Premises No. 20 (Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.) places where larvae were detected Underground masonry tank.

Connought Road Premises No. 20 (Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.) places where larvae were detected Gas Holder.

Old Hanuman Lane Premises Nos. 81-83 places where larvae were detected Cistern.

No Cost Too High For Dispelling Ignorance

Why Hesitate To Spend A Few Lakhs, Asks Nariman

BUT CORPORATION REFERS MATTER TO SCHOOLS COMMITTEE AND SHELVES ISSUE

Should there be a separate Educational Cess in Bombay to meet the cost of Primary education in the city?

The matter has been in consideration for nearly three years and it is again shelved for a few months more.

It will be recalled that as far back as 25th November 1931 the Standing Committee asked for a report from the Municipal Commissioner on the following:—

COST OF EDUCATION.

That with a view to meeting the cost of the extended Primary Education in the City over and above Rs. 6,16,000, a fresh Education Tax or Cess be levied under Section 13 of the City of Bombay Primary Education Act, 1920, for the year 1932-33 at the rate of 2-1/8 per cent. of the rateable value of buildings and lands in the City and that the Budget Estimate for the year of the income from such tax be adopted at Rs. 25,70,000.

That cost amounting to Rs. 6,16,000 of Primary Education be met out of the receipts from General Tax for the year 1932-33.

That the General Tax for the year 1932-33 be levied at the rate of 8-7/8 per cent of the rateable value of buildings and lands in the City and the Budget Estimate for the year of the income from such tax be adopted at Rs. 1,07,75,700.

FOR SPECIAL TAXATION.

The Municipal Commissioner in his letter dated 29th July 1933 'inter-alia' stated:

It might be argued that if fresh taxation is at all necessary, it might as well be imposed by raising the General Tax as by levying a separate Educational Cess. But in the first place such a step is apt to obscure the true extent of the burden of the service, which for reasons already stated, deserves to be clearly visualised. Secondly the object of raising the limit of the General Tax from 12 to 17 per cent by Bombay Act XIX of 1920 was to enable the Corporation to increase their actual and potential income to meet their large capital expenditure on works' urgently required for the improvement of the then condition of the City and its rapidly growing demands. The position at the present day is that owing to the various services including increased expenditure of the Corporation on primary education, it is not possible to finance even the comparatively small sum required for so important a project as the Drainage of the North of the Island. It is therefore clearly desirable that the general revenues of the Corporation should not be allowed to be absorbed by the growing expenditure on special services to the detriment of the purposes for which the increase of taxation was specially allowed. In 1917-18 the cost of primary education was estimated at Rs. 6.58 lakhs; and it was further estimated that the ultimate annual cost after compulsion had been introduced in the whole City would amount to no more than Rs. 24 lakhs. The expenditure to-day with compulsion introduced in "F" and "G" Wards only is estimated at Rs. 31.58 lakhs; and the maximum liability when compulsion is introduced in all the wards is estimated by the Secretary, Schools Committee, at Rs. 40 lakhs, the increase being spread over 7 years. It is therefore desirable that funds for primary education should be recovered by special taxation imposed for that purpose.

CESS MUST BE LEVIED.

The Standing Committee in their report recommended that a special Educational Cess should be levied by the Corporation every year for recovering the whole cost of primary education less the Government grant and that the General Tax for the year in which the Educational Cess will be levied for the first time should be reduced in proportion to the Educational Cess levied and that if the proposal meets with the approval of the Corporation the Commisioner he requested to submit the necessary draft amendments to the Municipal Act together with a statement of Objects and Reasons for submission to Government.

In June last this question came before the Municipal Corporation when Mr. M. A. Karanjawala moved to approve of the Standing Committee's recommendation. The matter was then postponed 'sine die.'

On Thursday when this question came again before the Corporation. Dr. J N Choksy moved an amendmennt to record the report of the Standing Committee.

Mr. M. U. Rajab seconded the amendment and said there was no city in all India which was so much taxed as Bombay and that any suggestion for additional tax should not be countenanced.

LIMIT OF TAXATION REACHED.

Mr. K. H. Goregaonkar also said that the limit of taxation had been reached already and that the Corporation should not entertain any idea of further taxation.

Sir J. B. Boman-Behram moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Schools Committee.

Prof. V. G. Rao seconded the amendment.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin said they should not talk of further taxation until the economic condition of the city was improved.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle also opposed the motion for educational tax as he thought it would impose indirect hardships upon the poor and the middle classes.

Mr. Meyer Nissim moved an amendment to postpone consideration of the question till February next but it was dropped for a want of a seconder.

Prof. S. R. Davar urged the House not to be in a hurry but to consider the question dispationately. At present, he said, they were spending a huge amount on primary education by which double the number of children could be educated.

ADJUSTMENT OF REVENUE.

Mr. K. F. Nariman did not mind whether the primary education imposed additional taxation on the city or not but for the sake of educating the children and driving away illiteracy, he said, they should not mind expense. In the present case, he submitted there was no question of additional taxation, but only an adjustment or assignment of revenue for a specific purpose. In the report it is suggested to lessen the general tax to the extent of the educational cess.

It was, therefore, a matter of adjustment of their revenue and not additional taxation. If however, there was a further levy of tax for dispelling ignorance they should not mind it. Crores of rupees were wasted, he said, on schemes which were unproductive, then why should they hesitate to spend a few lacs a year for imparting education to their children? They had waited already for 20 years in regard to compulsory primary education in the city and he urged the House not to delay any further.

At this stage closure was moved and the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman-Behram was agreed to as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

Fanasvadi Venkatesh Festival

The annual festival of Sri Venkatesh Bhagwan, Fanasvadi, Bombay was celebrated from a period of 10 days from Nov. 4 to 14 in a fitting manner. On the 7th night a procession was taken to Chowpatty the idol being placed on an Elephant, and there was a display of fireworks. The festival was concluded on the 9th night.

Poona Industrial Exhibition

The Archaeological Survey of India have accorded sanction to the Trustees of the Lord Ready Industrial Museum, Poona for drawing the design of the certificate to be awarded to the exhibitors of the forthcoming Poona Industrial Exhibition from the famous Delhi Darawaja of the Shaniwar Wada the well-known Peshawa Palace in Poona.

The Exhibition commences from 3rd of February next.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Congress Organisation On Election Day

The election day has come and gone. Thousands of the city have gone and voted for their favourite candidates. But everything about the day's incidents would not have been said without mention being made of the splendid arrangements made by the different candidates for the bringing in of voters and their quick dispatch after the voting. Sir Cowasji and his supporters had a very fine organisation and each volunteer was in charge of a certain locality and his work ended with the bringing in of voters from that locality. The arrangements made by the Congress, however, overshadowed in efficiency the organisation of both Sir Cowasji and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, whose supporters did practically nothing. The credit for the Congress organisation goes to a band of young enthusiastic workers under Mr. S. K. Patil. What was achieved by these young men within about ten days was notable. The heavy polling for the Congress candidates was to no small extent due to those young men and women who worked day and night "whom no task however severe could tire and no contingency however unforseen, could baffle."

The Real Position!

A day after the elections, after the rush and the hectic hurry which the city experienced on Wednesday, one would have expected some quiet and peace.

So, a little surprise was sprung when a telephone message was received enquiring as to who would win in the elections. "What exactly is the position, please?" asks the enquirer. "The same as was given out in the morning papers. There is no change since then," was the brief reply.

"Apart from the newspaper reports in the morning, what exactly is the real position? Please give me the tip," continues the gentle enquirer with innocent persistence!

"The real and the only true position is that the Congress candidates will win," was the reply the enquirer got and he expressed thanks for this little service.

This impatience is an eloquent commentary on the delay in declaring the results of the polling, eight days, i.e., a week after the "fair." The general rule everywhere is that unless there are insurmountable difficulties in the way, the ballot boxes must be immediately opened and the result declared. Generally this is done on the very day the poll takes place—firstly, to save the candidates and their voters, the suspense to which they are subjected, and, secondly, to avoid the officials being exposed to the charge that they have not acted in a desirable manner in keeping the ballot-boxes lying with them about a week, for nothing.

It is never good to keep the ballot boxes with any party, be they those who contest the elections or be they Government officials.

It is to be hoped that Government would realise that safety lies in the policy of declaring such election results immediately.

Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Hospital

The annual report of the Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital, Bombay, shows that it is becoming more and more popular, especially amongst the poor and middle class people. A public institution managed by a board of trustees and supported financially by the public, it serves the suffering public of the city without any distinction of caste, creed, nationality or religion. Both the National Medical College and the Nair Hospital Dental College are attached to the hospital for practical clinical work by their students. It maintains about 80 beds at present.

The hospital maintains medical, surgical, maternity, ear, nose, throat, and dental departments under the charge of able and qualified specialists.

School For The Blind

The Victoria Memorial School for the Blind, Bombay, the report of which for 1933 has been received, has been pursuing the two-fold purpose of ameliorating the condition of the blind by affording them elementary instruction in the three R's, and of imparting instruction in handicrafts and music.

During the year, altogether 62 persons took advantage of the institution, the average monthly attendance being 54.8. The total receipts amounted to Rs. 13,114, while the expenditure amounted to Rs. 14,833, thus leaving a balance of Rs. 3,281.

Official And Personal

Flight Lieut: A. K. H. Binley, Mr. J. D. Mody, Mr. M. G. Naralkar, Mr. S. K. Mehta, Mr. K. R. Guzdar and Mr. P. Stone lunched at the Government House on Thursday.

THE CAPITOL
THE LAST DAY
at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

TO-MORROW
The Dramatic Personality
JOHN BARRYMORE
in a drama that will whip your emotions
"THE STATE'S ATTORNEY"
with
HELEN TWELVETREES

The REGAL
THE LAST DAY
at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A story as sweet as the scent of new mown hay.....a love affair as pure as honey in the hive!

TO-MORROW
JEAN PARKER (of "LITTLE WOMEN" fame) in her first starring vehicle HAVE A HEART!
with JAMES DUNN, UNA MERKEL, STUART ERWIN.

PATHE
Bombay's Cinema de Luxe.
Final Performances to-day at 3-30; 6-30 & 10 p.m.
CECIL B. DeMILLE'S
MIGHTIEST SPECTACLE.

THE SIGN OF THE CROSS
WITH
FREDRIC MARCH
ELISSA LANDI
CLAUDETTE COLBERT
CHARLES LAUGHTON
DON'T MISS IT.

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The Funnyman, who was Joked
THE JOKE TURNED INTO A THRILLING POLICE CHASE! A RUNNING GUN-FIGHT! A CAR SMASH! A DUEL WITH SWORDS! AN AEROPLANE CHASE!
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TO-MORROW —— PATHE

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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1934

MOCK REFORMS

In a press statement on Indian reforms Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, who returned to India this week after a four month's stay in England, tells the country that he understands from reliable sources that the recommendations of the Joint Parliamentary Committee will be even more retrograde than the White Paper proposals. That report is neither new nor surprising and it does not require much inside knowledge to make such a forecast. It only remains to be seen how far the Committee is going in its retrograde march. Sir Chimanlal points out some directions in which the Committee's expected recommendations are worse than those of the White Paper or even the present position But the worst is yet to be known. It will, however, be known in a few days it will put an end to all speculation in the matter and turn the attention of the country to the more helpful question how effectually to resist the proposed scheme.

Die-hards Busy

Meanwhile Indians may note with interest how the Die-hards in Britain miss no opportunity of making the Indian reforms as retrograde as possible, though neither the Government nor the Joint Committee have needed much encouragement to move in this direction. The Scottish Unionists' conference to be held next week at Glasgow is to consider a resolution on India urging that nothing shall be enacted "that can render ineffective the Governor-General's control at the centre and nothing that in the provinces can endanger effective British supervision of the police and the law courts." But the Joint Committee has in all probability already anticipated such a suggestion. And the Government may be trusted to yield further still to pressure from the Die-hards. The "Morning Post," which naturally sees in the Congress victories at the elections a menace to the proposed reforms, makes those victories a fresh excuse for making the reforms still more reactionary and is glad that "the warning has come before the fatal decision is made." The effect of such propaganda may soon be seen in Government's Bill based on the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report. In his own propaganda through the American Press Sir Samuel Hoare tells the people there that "in the developments that have hitherto occurred in India there is no sufficient ground for departing from the principle to which we are pledged by the Declaration of 1917.". Here is a tacit repudiation of the later pledges and it also suggests that at any time sufficient ground may be discovered for departing from the principle to which Britain is pledged. Nay, Responsible Government, to which the Declaration of 1917 pledges Britain, is about as remote under the W. P. Scheme as it was in that year and the piling of safeguards in response to pressure from the Die-hards is making it still more remote, that is to say, assuming that India's destiny lies at the mercy of the British people.

The Next Step

However, the more pertinent question now is how to destroy the White Paper scheme and replace it by one self-determined by India. Sir Chimanlal, who still has faith in the policy of appeals and protests, urges that all political parties in India should for the moment combine to make clear to the British public the fact that the proposed constitution is unacceptable to all shades of political opinion in the country. But not even schoolboys now believe that such a representation by itself will make much impression. Sir Chimanlal himself hints at the possibility of India being "led by force of circumstances to adopt such a method of dealing with the new constitution as would show up its defects and shortcomings and create situations by which the pace of progress may be forced." He believes, too, that "the weapon that a discontented India will be driven to use will be to adopt strict Swadeshi and cease buying all foreign goods" and he significantly reminds Mr. Baldwin of his own admission," you cannot compel the people of India to buy British goods at the point of the bayonet." Swadeshi, boycott, and the particular method of dealing with the new constitution mentioned above are parts of a comprehensive campaign that Congress will soon have to inaugurate to follow up its policy of rejecting the White Paper to its logical conclusion. The question is: Will the Liberals, as on the occasion of the Simon Commission, make common cause with the Congress and help in carrying out a common national policy? Contesting the elections is the first part of that campaign and certainly not the most important one. That part promises to be a signal triumph. The Congress should now pass on to the other parts of the campaign, particularly to the preparation for the Constituent Assembly and an agreed solution of the communal problem to which the Congress has pledged itself.

Our Efficient I.C.S.!

For years consistent propaganda has been carried on by the Civilians and their friends that there is no public service in the world more efficient than the Indian Civil Service. A very eloquent commentary on this propaganda was provided by the arrangements officially made in connection with the Assembly elections on Wednesday. The Collector of Bombay, who is a member of the I. C. S. and who was in charge of the elections, must have known many weeks ago the number of voters in Bombay and yet he arranged for only four polling-stations in the city. The explanation given was that this was the usual practice. The Collector evidently forgot that the number of voters had considerably increased since the last election. One would have expected that to make up for the smallness of the number of polling stations the space and staff provided would be sufficient to avoid every cause for complaint by the voters. As it was, the arrangements were such as to cause the maximum of inconvenience and disgust to the voters and not one of the polling-stations was adequate for the purpose. As a crowning evidence of I. C. S. efficiency the public of Bombay has been compelled to wait patiently for the declaration of the result of the voting for a whole week—a thing which does not happen in any other country in the world. In every country in the world, where parliamentary institutions exist, all possible efforts are made to count the votes immediately after the polling and to announce the result the next day, if not on the polling day itself. In Bombay City, officialdom has not even the excuse of the polling-stations being hundreds of miles away from one another.

Britain First

The Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has addressed a letter to the Government of India pointing out that the working of the Ottawa Agreement for nearly two years has shown that whatever improvement may be noticeable in the trade between India and Britain has been at the expense of our trade with other countries. The letter further points out that the diversion of India's trade is looked upon with grave apprehensions in certain countries, which are naturally contemplating measures to safeguard their interests, and that such measures may seriously jeopardise Indian interests. We doubt if the Federation's letter, which only echoes the opinion in the country, will much impress the Government so long as they are not truly responsible to the Indian people and think always of Britain first. Indian businessmen should realise to a greater extent than they have done that there is no salvation for Indian industries and commerce till India is free to safeguard her own interests first.

GOANESE AND INDIAN POLITICS

Vindication Of Racial And Cultural Integrity

(By "VIADOR.")

It is extremely deplorable that the Goanese as a class should be involved in the general odium caused by their alleged favouring of the non-Congress, candidate contesting the Assembly seat in this city and this false impression is further confirmed in the public mind owing to the equally misinformed notions about the racial-social status of a class that is easily confounded with that of Anglo-Indians and other "Indian Christians" like the Mangaloreans, East Indians, and the "converts" of Protestant missionaries in India.

Goanese Defined.

The term Goan, strictly speaking, is applicable to every inhabitant of Goa whether he (or she) professed Catholicism, Hinduism or Islam, respectively, although popularly the Christian alone is covered by it. There are quite a large number of Goanese scattered all over British territory in India and it is not surprising to find these emigrants undergoing a process of adaptation brought into operation by environmental circumstances of our economics-social character—a process, however, that must be distinguished from the one of disintegration which usually victimises persons offering a lesser resistance of inherent culture. That explains why the Goanese, on the whole are so defensively conservative, a trait condemned by their sophisticated brethren in Goa, and one, too, that is exploited by a few individuals who profess to be their spokesmen but whose motives could be traced to self-aggrandisement and the kind of careerism that distinguishes your ambitious, ladder-kicking (a prominent characteristic of highly disgusting "bounderism") petit-bourgeois.

Race And Culture.

That explains, too, in a measure, the actual position of the Goan emigrants in Indian politics: it may be at once summed up as one of indifferentism consistently with their economic interests. The masses certainly are blissfully free from any consciousness about it and the educated Goanese take only the most casual interest in affairs that they rightly regard as falling without the essential bounds of their, more or less work-a-day, existence. In any case, there is no justification for the suggestion that the Goan mentality is not far different from the traditionally Anglo-Indian. The Goan, as a matter of fact, is as much different, practically in every aspect of his (or her) personality as he (or she) is from the "mestico" (Portuguese-Indian). The Goanese are both racially and culturally a pure indian race and such admixture of an ethnological character as might have taken place in the early days of foreign invasion is discernible, from an ethnological viewpoint, practically in every other class or clan of Indian race. What is more, the qualities that distinguish the Goanese in every sphere of socio-economic existence are traceable to their Indian heredity and tradition as any student of Indo-Portuguese history and Goan life both in the historical and modern perspective can easily verify.

Common Affinities.

Some years ago, Mr. Tristan da Braganca Cunha, a well-known publicist in Goa, published a pamphlet in which he called attention to the humiliation involved in the Goanese being dubbed "the mongrels of the Portuguese" as a European Jesuit in Africa had done. The fact that the better class Goanese have adopted the externalities of European "civilisation" and speak Portuguese does not establish racial cultural mixture." What is important is that these things are not even skin-deep in their case; and if some poor devil of a Goan proved himself renegade enough to claim privileges attached to the Anglo-Indian or Eurasian extraction, the shame of it ought to be shouldered by the Indians themselves. What slaves could sport a race pride? However, we are not to judge the entire class by the "renegade' but by a type that represents the best and most authentic elements in that class. And the present writer sees no essential difference between a representative Indian and the Goan types despite such differences as consti-

(Continued on page 7.)

NATIONAL EDUCATION

At Every Stage Education Should Be Both Practical And Cultural And Suited To The Special Needs Of The Country

By Dr. ABDUL ALEEM

II

The present system of education is, to say the least, top heavy. Relatively more money is spent on Higher Education than on the Primary and the Secondary. This is quite natural because the chief aim of the present system is to produce efficient officials of the Government. The Primary and Secondary standards are, at their best, only preparatory classes for the College. They are not based on any conception of the needs of the people. That is why, after leaving school, our young men find themselves quite unfit to do anything except joining a college whether they are mentally capable of Higher Education or not. After finishing College Education even the best of them are fit only for petty jobs in the machinery of the Government or professions which are directly connected with it. What is required, under these circumstances, is a fundamental change in the aims and objects of Education. "Our aim, should be 'to promote the all round development of an individual who shall be healthy, strong, active, courageous, independent in thought and action, with a many-sided culture, an efficient person striving for the interests of the whole of humanity.'"

Primary Education

The new system should be based on a scientific classification of the whole field of Education into Primary, Secondary, College and University. The Primary Education should begin, at the latest, when a child has finished his fifth year and should continue up to his tenth year. This should be universal and compulsory. After leaving the Primary School a child should be able to read, write and reckon, should have acquired a sufficient knowledge of personal hygiene, the orientation, fixation and practical abilities should be sufficiently developed, and the child should have learnt a simple handicraft.

Secondary Education

The Secondary Education should continue up to the age of fifteen and should also be compulsory. It should provide for the development of intelligence and initiative, of active interest in phenomena of nature and public life. After finishing secondary education a person should be able to express oneself easily in the mother-tongue and should have a working knowledge of another Indian language and English. He should be able to seek scientific answers to his questions in books and should have knowledge necessary to help him to function in civilized society and of value in further self education. "Education must,' in the words of Krupskava, 'be collective, that is, cooperative—"the ability to give to others and to get from them should be the goal, and not merely the acquisition of knowledge and of individual skill."

After finishing this standard a person should decide about the profession he is going to take up. Only those who, after an intelligence test, are found to be mentally equipped for higher education, should be allowed to join a college course. For others there should be Technical and Agricultural Schools, which might train them as skilled workers, mechanics and farmers. They can also be trained for army and police, if they are physically fit.

College Course

The College course should also have a duration of five years. The student, after finishing this course should be thoroughly conversant with the literature of the mother-tongue, should have acquired further proficiency in English and the Indian language taken in the secondary standard, and should have a working knowledge of another foreign language. He should be able to understand the general problems of philosophy and sociology and should have specialized in one of the following subjects.—Philosophy, Socialogy, Theology, Literature, Art, Natural Sciences, Pedagogik, Engineering, Agriculture and Medicine.

Training Of Teachers

After finishing the college course a person can be trained as a teacher, a Civil Servant, a lawyer or a journalist. There ought to be a training college for everyone of these professions, but special attention should be paid towards the teachers' training colleges. It would be a truism to say that the progress of a nation depends on the efficiency and good sense of its teachers. Nobody should be allowed to become a teacher unless he has been trained for that purpose. Teachers for primary and secondary schools should be specially trained. They should not only study the theory and practice of teaching, but also the problems of child psychology. They should be made to realise that they are the mainstay of the future generations. The profession of teaching is not like every other profession. It is a holy mission. Specially in Rural areas the schools would be the centre of culture and the teacher will have to handle not only the children but their parents as well. So he ought to be well-versed in Group Psychology and the problems of Rural Reconstruction.

University Education

The university should consist of Institutes for post-graduate research work in subjects that are taught in colleges. Each university should specialise in one branch of learning and duplication should be avoided as far as possible, co-ordination should be the chief feature. The present condition, that every university provides for each and every subject, which results in waste of money and energy, should be discouraged. The professors and students of universities ought to realise that they are not only specialists but also torch-bearers to the whole nation. They must study and propagate Science in the interest of humanity and not merely as the socalled 'homo akademikus.'

Rural Schools

In a country like India which is mainly agricultural and where a large majority lives in villages, the problem of rural education should be the chief concern of the educationist. The village school should not only teach children to read and write, but should train them in such a way that they might be able to improve and reconstruct the village life. A

(Continued on page 9.)

Frankly Speaking

PROGRESSIVE CURRICULA.

Indian University curricula are slowly getting out of the old rut in which they have been confined for decades past. The Academic Council of Allahabad University has done well to accept the principle of introducing Military Science as one of the optional subjects for the B. A. and B. Sc. examinations. As the Nagpur University has already worked out the principle in practice it will not be difficult for the Allahabad Academic Council to give effect to its decision without much delay. Another important decision of the Council is to include a compulsory paper in Hindi or Urdu composition in the first year annual test of the B. A. examination. This does not go far enough in recognising the due status of the national language in the collegiate courses. But it is a move in the right direction. What would one think of a British University if it did not include a thorough study of English for every examination, at school or college?

DRACONIAN.

The revised Press Act in the State of Kolhapur is about as drastic as any such measure can be. It pursues publicity work at the very start and restricts it at every stage. It requires the keeper of every press to deposit a security of not less than Rs. 500, and the security may be forfeited on numerous grounds that make freedom of the Press well-nigh impossible. There are fresh restrictions on the starting and conduct of newspapers and also on the importation, exportation and transmission of newspapers, books or other documents. Draconian legislation like this may for a time make any criticism of the State Government impossible and mislead the authorities into the belief that all is well with the State people. But that is only the beginning of a grave evil. The Government will be more despotic, discontent will be deeper and driven more underground, and the tendency towards ultra-constitutional methods of resistance will be more pronounced. If the States wish the inevitable change in their administration to be thoroughly peaceful, they should be more reasonable in dealing with the Press and political propaganda in general.

A WELCOME JUDGMENT

It is, or should be, a commonplace of law in every civilized country that an accused person is presumed to be innocent until he is proved guilty. From this it follows that an accused person must have the fullest freedom to consult and instruct his lawyer, without the intervention of the police, in order to prove his innocence. But in India, it is not seldom that the police act upon the assumption that because a person has been arrested by them, he is guilty and, especially in cases of serious crimes, all kinds of restrictions are, sometimes, placed in the way of his consulting his lawyers. It was therefore, a most welcome pronouncement which Justice Cunliffe of the Calcutta High Court made last week on the subject when he set aside the order of the Hughly District Magistrate and ordered that the accused's legal adviser should have access to him at reasonable times convenient to the prison authorities.

TWO CARDINAL PRINCIPLES.

His Lordship said: "Due no doubt to over-zeal the Magistrate in making the order infringed two cardinal principles of British jurisprudence, principles of presumption of innocence of all accused persons and their right to confidential communications. Unless persons are tried by Drumhead Court Martial it is absolutely necessary that advocates should have free access to clients." "The more serious the crime," Justice Cunliffe added, "the more need was there that persons involved in those crimes should have individually the best advice they could have." We trust the Calcutta judgment will have the desired effect on the magistracy and police in the country.

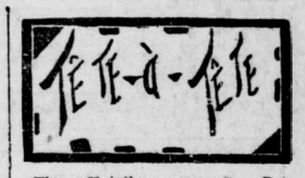
-PRESS VIEWS-

The Lesson

The people's opinion of him, however, differed widely from the official and Sir Shanmukham was not unconscious of it. That is why he practically fled from his old constituency—which was a general constituency—and wanted to try his luck in a special constituency in the fond belief that he might find a safe anchorage there. But the merchants have also rejected him. Such is the fate that awaits all who, for personal distinctions or gain, never scruple to change allegiances, considering elasticity of principles to be more fruitful than steadiness and steadfastness. Sir Shanmukham has received his deserts. Others who follow him will do well to take note and ponder over the lesson taught by his defeat.—"Searchlight."

Congress Strength

Unfortunately Indian commercial opinion, as represented by the various Chambers of Commerce, has very strong Congress leanings and Sir Shanmukham Chetty had incurred the special resentment of that school of thought by his support of the principle of the Ottawa Agreement, which is like a red rag to a bull in Congress circles. Apart from this the Congress is showing unexpected strength in the Madras Presidency, as the defeat of so respected a member as Dewan Bahadur Ramaswami Mudaliar by a Congressman in the Madras City constituency has shown. The Dewan Bahadur had the support of the formerly powerful Justice Party, but this did not help him against the strong Congressite attack.—"C and M. Gazette."



The officially sponsored Betting and Lotteries Bill—which Mr. Churchill has characterised as "disreputable, hypocritical and futile" and some others as "killjoy"—has passed the House of Commons with a thumping majority.

In the expressive phraseology of the Home Secretary, "it legalises what is illegal' and transforms into good what is evil—like so many other things done by MacDonald's Government during its "rake's" progress.

* * * *

The recommendations of the J.P.C. will be more retrograde and unsatisfactory than the White Paper proposals, according to Sir Chimanlal Setalvad.

But neither he nor the other exemplars of Liberalism (sic) are prepared to forego the pleasure of munching the empty eggshells that might be thrown at them from the Britisher's table.

* * * *

"There is no question that it would be and must be worked, however unacceptable it may be"—says this shining light, giving Simla and Whitehall a broad hint of what part Indian "Liberals" are preparing to play in the near future.

But there is no need of such an indirect suggestion. Both Simla and Whitehall know our Liberal stalwarts very well and that is, perhaps, one of the reasons why they have chosen to whittle down their proposals still further.

* * * *

The prospects for the Indian Federation are brightening steadily, if slowly. One by one the Indian States are preparing to come in a line with British India in the latter's march to "Dominion Status" a la Samuel Hoare.

* * * *

Kolhapur is the latest to take a definite step forward—note the revised Press Act regulations which it has just promulgated. Forward the rest of the princely brigade!

* * * *

Under the new law, "putting any persons in fear" will make the security deposited by any printing press liable to forfeiture by the State. Henceforth at least, let us hope all the subjects of the descendant of Shivaji will be fearless, if not free also simultaneously.

* * * *

After the enactment of this latest piece of democratic legislation such words and phrases as "fear" "fright," "I am afraid," "it is feared", and "we are apprehensive" are expected to find no place in the dictionaries and books of idioms and phrases in the possession of Kolhapureans.

* * * *

The Viceroy has no vote for the Assembly. But he usually exercises his franchise through veto!

* * * *

The first safeguarding act of officialdom against Congress victories is reported to be the vesting of the Assembly leadership in the hands of Sir N. N. Sarkar, thus pitting one ex-Advocate-General against another in the person of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, the leader of the Opposition.

* * * *

Delhi has anticipated well, but Sir Nripendra has no jail experience to match with the leader of the Opposition.

* * * *

The ruling in Gloria Vanderbilt's case places the mother of the child on probation. America has given the world the idea of 'Trial marriage'. But this seems to be a sample of "trial motherhood."

* * * *

The Vice-Chancellor of the Delhi University has banned students' debate on the impeachment of Sir Samuel Hoare. In the Mock Parliament, the names of editors of two Nationalist journals of Delhi appeared as defenders of Sir Samuel Hoare Sir Abdur Rahman evidently wanted to save him from his supporters!

* * * *

A Chinaman was worried by a vicious-looking dog, which barked at him in an angry manner.

"Don't be afraid of him," said the owner. "You know the old proverb: "A barking dog never bites.' "

"Yes," said the Chinaman. "You know ploverb, and me know ploverb, but does dog know ploverb?"

RELIGION AND STATE

Correspondence Between Satyamurti And Sanatanists

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

Shri Shankaracharya of Puri has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"Our attention has just been called to editorial and other statements and letters appearing in various pro-Congress and pro-Reforms papers to the effect that Mr. Satyamurthi, the Congress candidate who has been returned to the Assembly from Madras City has made the Congress position clear with regard to questions involving interference by the State in religious affairs, namely that the Congress is pledged to non-interference in such matters and that the Temple Entry Bill was not a coercive but a purely permissive measure and so on. Whatever the views of Gandhiji and others may be on this point, it is an absolute travesty of truth to say that Mr. Satyamurthi has made the position clear on these lines.

In view of the fact that such statements are being repeatedly ascribed to him and that he has just been returned to the Assembly from the Madras City Constituency, we wish to place before the newspaper-reading public of India the actual fact of the matter which is diametrically contrary to the statements in question.

EXTRACTS FROM CORRESPONDENCE.

We have before us a huge volume of correspondence which passed between Mr. Satyamurthi and Sheth Dewan Bahadur Govindas Chaturbhoojadas, President of the Hindu Central Committee and Vice-President of the Dharma Sevaka Sabha (two leading orthodox Sanatani Associations of Madras). The gist of Mr. Satyamurthi's letters (commencing from 7th September 1934 and ending with his final letter of 25th October '34) is: (1) That he himself had always been and was still "against legislative interference of a coercive nature in religious and socio-religious matters," and was "whole-heartedly in favour of the Congress observing strict religious neutrality," and that he never surrendered his convictions out of deference to any person and never hesitated to express them publicly. (2) That his views on the Temple Entry Bill as communicated to the Government of Madras several months ago to the effect that it was a coercive measure were well-known; and as for the Sarda Act, he has clearly expressed the opinion that the Sarda Act ought to be amended by giving exemption to conscientious objectors belonging to "communities that had heriditarily or as religious custom—to follow the system of pre-puberty marriage." (3) That, on the contrary, his rival Dewan Bahadur A. Ramaswami Mudaliar was the nominee of the Justice Party which had publicly supported the Temple Entry Bill in the Madras Legislative Council, was himself practically one of the authors of the Sarda Act and had in his report in connection with that measure justified legislative interference by the Government in religious and social matters not merely in response to and in accordance with enlightened public opinion but even in advance thereof and that "exemptions should in no case be granted on grounds or religious or conscientious scruples" and so forth and that he was even now being supported on public platforms by the self-respect party which is "frankly out to destroy our temples, our religion and our customs"

(4) Mr. Satyamurthi finally and categorically pledged himself to the effect that "if any Bill be brought before the Assembly which I consider like the Temple Entry Bill to be a legislative measure of a coercive nature interfering with our religion, I will not resign my seat in the Assembly but will claim and exercise my right to speak and vote against it as it will be a matter of conscience with me."

APPEAL TO SANATANISTS.

(5) That Dewan Bahadur Ramaswami Mudaliar gave a similar categorical assurance dated October 22nd that "so far as legislation in religious matter is concerned, I shall not be a party to it but shall oppose it." that "more harm has resulted from attempts to enforce the Sarda Act on persons having conscientious scruples on religious grounds", that legislation exempting such persons from the operations of the Sarda Act was inevitable and "I shall support such a measure in the Assembly" and so on; (6) Mr. Satyamurthi appealed to the Sanatanists of Madras to consider his own past record and that of his rival and regard the past of both as an index to their future and so forth;

(7) Under these circumstances, it was natural,—nay, inevitable—that the orthodox Sanatanist voters of Madras should vote in favour of Mr. Satyamurthi as against his rival candidate.—A. P.

SWISS HELP TO BIHAR

Dr. Cersole Discusses Plan Of Relief Work In Quake Area

PATNA, Nov. 15.

A number of District representatives and Dr. Pierre Cersole who is now here with a view to help the Bihar Central Relief Committee in the reconstruction work in Bihar met to-day and considered the lines of work in the presence of Babu Rajendra Prasad.

It is arranged that Doctor Piere will see to-morrow the Commissioner of Tirhoot Division at Mazfarpore and then proceed to Sonathi village 7 miles off Muzaffarpore and study the problem of draining and shifting of village to different place. He will then go to Champaran District to open a centre at Bakri from where he starts his work of chanel clearing. The question of tinding willing volunteers and day labourers with necessary implements was also discussed. The Bihar Relief Committee undertook to help him in all possible ways.—United Press.

GERMANY'S TRADE RETURNS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, Nov. 15.

For the first time since March the foreign trade returns show a favourable balance (all thousands marks) of 16,900 compared to the September adverse balance of 1,900. Imports totalled 349500 compared 352,200 in September, while exports amounted to 365,900 compared to 350,300 in September.

DICTATORSHIP FOR EGYPT

Immediate Dissolution Of Parliament And No New Elections

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 15.

The new Cabinet has been confirmed by Royal decree. It is understood that Parliament will be dissolved almost immediately, but the Cabinet will not call for elections until it has smoothed over all difficulties and settled various questions with the Residency and Palace and not until the country has recovered from the recent political upheaval. It is probable that the elections will return Wafdists to power, as the present Cabinet is non-party.

EGYPTIAN CABINET APPROVED BY KING

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 15.

Messim Pasha has announced that King Fuad has accepted his proposed Cabinet. Parliament will be dissolved almost immediately and the present constitution abolished.

The new ministers will decide when the new elections should be held.—Reuter.

GOANESE AND INDIAN POLITICS

(Continued from page 6.)

tute inter-provincial idiosyncracies. Such, at any rate, is bound to be the impression of anyone who is familiar with conditions of life, both in and out of Goa, of a people, who, however, insignificant numerically and subjected as they happen to be to various disabilities under a Colonial regime, undoubtedly share, if not conspicuously as ardently as their brethren, the aspirations, patriotic sentiments and idealism of the nation.

FLAT RATE FOR AIR MAIL TRAFFIC

Sir Kingsley Wood Proposes Important Innovations

RUGBY, Nov 14

Important developments in the air mail traffic were revealed this afternoon in an interview with the Post Master General, Sir Kingsley Wood.

They include, firstly a reduction in charges and the introduction of a flat rate for Imperial air mail traffic, and, secondly, dispatch of all fully-paid letters and postcards to internal addresses by an internal air mail which can operate regularly and punctually and whose owners will enter into an agreement with the Post Office to carry mails at a reasonable cost if thereby delivery will be materially accelerated.

Marked Improvements.

With regard to the Imperial Air Mail traffic, Sir Kingsley Wood said that this first instalment of the plans, which were under consideration, involved a marked step forward and a real advance in Empire co-operation. As from November 17, all the varying postage charges to Empire destinations reached by the existing services of the Imperial Airways, would accordingly be abolished and a flat rate substituted.

The new charges will be 6d. per half ounce letters to all destinations where the present charge is equal to or in excess of that amount and 3d. per half ounce where it is at present lower than 6d. This means that to India, Malaya, Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika Nyassaland, Zanzibar, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, and South Africa the charge will be 6-d and to Sudan, Palestine and Transjordania, 3-d. The latter rate will also apply exceptionally to Egypt, Syria, Iraq and Persia.

New Internal Service.

Regarding internal air mail it will in future be the responsibility of the Post Office to decide when letters will benefit by air transmission. The new internal service commences on December 1. Sir Kingsley Wood expressed the hope that final development of the policy would chiefly result in the establishment of a network of internal air services operating all the year round to the benefit not only of the posting public, but British civil aviation.—B. O. W.

DEATH BLOW TO IRISH SWEEPS

British Betting Act And Its Sequel

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 14.

If the Betting and Lotteries Bill, which will come into operation after the Royal assent will be given on November 16, is rigidly applied, it will mean practically the death of Irish Sweeps as far as Britain is concerned.

The Act provides for the prohibition of the sale of all lottery tickets, and prohibition of the publication of the lists of winners or any particulars referring to draws or prize money.

The importation of tickets and sending money or counterfoils out of the country will be illegal. Newspaper and other competitions depending on the forecast of sporting events will be prohibited also any newspaper competition which does not substantially depend upon skill.

On the other hand, football pools have been legalised (as from November 17) and also lotteries at bazaars so long as there are not money prizes. Private lotteries of clubs, institutions and works and such like, if restricted to members, have been legalised.

The foregoing provisions (except football pools) will apply from January 1, 1935.

The racing provisions of the Bill which will come into operation on July 1, 1935, will limit greyhound racing with betting to 104 days annually. Totes may be run on greyhound tracks as long as bookmakers are also present. There must be no betting on greyhound tracks on Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Sundays. The rake-off of the tote authorities is restricted to six per cent. Local authorities have been given power to license tracks for betting for a period of five years.

Bahrein Islands

The Consul for Persia writes:- "The report regarding the questions of Bahrein islands, etc., which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle's issue of 23rd. October 1934 quoting from the "Chicago Tribune" is quite incorrect."

"WE WANT WORK"

But Irish Police Give Unemployed Baton Charges

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Strong forces of police are on duty in Dublin to-night and the guards at the Dail are strengthened following baton charges to disperse unemployed demonstrators.

Carrying banners inscribed "We want Work", "release Republican prisoners" the unemployed attempted to march to the Parliament House.

Several persons were injured and one was arrested.

Some unemployed were allowed to send a deputation in the hope of interviewing a Minister, but they were unsuccessful.—Reuter's Extra Special.

GERMAN SHIPPING REORGANISATION

Government Likely To Take Control Of Lines

BERLIN, Nov. 14.

Britain's new bid for sea supremacy with the launching of the "Queen Mary" and the intensity of her rivalry on the North Atlantic route are believed to be among the factors leading to the reorganisation of the Hamburg-America and North German Lloyd Lines mentioned earlier. A strong tussle has been proceeding behind the scenes in shipping organisations in connection with the Nazi Government's efforts to rescue German shipping from its present plight.

Despite recent improvement the need for further heavy rationalisation became increasingly apparent and it is stated that the Hamburg-Amerika line has recently dismissed 70 members of its staff and the North German Lloyd 96 employees.

Government officials have striven for further reorganisation of both Lines, and Nazi theory sometimes comes into conflict with shipping practice. An increasing measure of Government control of shipping lines appears likely. —Reuter.

GERMAN LINER TO COMPETE WITH P. & O.

Will Do Journey From Genoa To Colombo In 11 Days

BERLIN, Nov. 14.

It is announced from Bremen that 18,000 ton liner "Gneischreten" will be launched on 14 December for the North German Lloyd Far-Eastern service. It is claimed that the new liner and also a sister ship under construction will do the journey from Genoa to Colombo in 11 days, to Singapore in 15 days and Shanghai in 23 days.—Reuter.

GLORIA VANDERBILT'S FUTURE

Judge Declines To Amplify 'Cryptic Ruling'

(SPECIAL CABLE)

NEW YORK, Nov 14.

The protracted trial to decide whether the child Gloria Vanderbilt, the £800,000 heiress, is to live with her mother Mrs. Vanderbilt or her aunt Mrs. Whitney ended in Judge Carew ruling that "The child Gloria is not to have for the future the life it had from the death of its father up till June, 1932."

The Judge declined to amplify the 'cryptic ruling" but it is interpreted by press representatives that the judge is placing the mother on probation.

INCREASE IN BRITISH OVER SEAS TRADE

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Nov. 14

The overseas trade for October as shown by the Board of Trade returns exceeded both in imports and British exports any month for several years. The imports totalled approximately 69,000,000 sterling highest since February, 1932 while British exports with an aggregate of 36,750,000 exceed any monthly period since January 1931. Last month's imports showed an increase on September of 11,250,000 while exports advanced 28,000,000.

REPLACEMENT OF CAPITAL SHIPS

Viscount Hailsham Says Britain Must Consider Question

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Replying to the Imperial Defence debate in the House of Lords initiated by Lord Mottistone Viscount Hailsham said that the replacement of Britain's capital ships, with few exceptions, must be soon considered, and the question of the number of cruisers required was a matter for the most serious consideration.

Referring to the naval talks Viscount Hailsham said it was impossible to give definite information while the conversations were in progress.

He said the whole of Britain's naval position was being very carefully considered in relation to her absolute requirement. Government hoped to replace the naval agreement which will lapse in 1936 by an agreement which will avoid competition in the naval armaments, and leave Britain free to maintain a fleet of the necessary strength.

Viscount Hailsham added that they had to consider and discuss the question of quantitative and qualitative disarmament, but he said "nobody need be under any misapprehension regarding the imperative necessity of maintaining fleet to adequate and secure Britain's naval communications". —Reuter.

JAMAICA WILL PAY FOR IMPERIAL DEFENCE

Legislature Adopts Governor's Suggestion

KINGSTON, Nov. 14.

At the suggestion of the Governor the Legislature has approved the proposal that Jamaica should annually contribute £10,000 for Imperial defence. The Legislature also agreed to pay the pensions of the British West India Regiment amounting to £8,000 per annum commencing from 1931.—Reuter.

NAVAL TALKS IN "PURDAH"

British And U. S. Delegates Mum Over Yesterday's Discussions

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The British and American delegates to the naval conversations met at 3-30 p m to pick up according to British circles the "loose ends" or points not directly related to Japan.

The American delegates told the press that they were requested by the British officials to maintain silence concerning today's conversations, and the secrecy assumed will mean that the discussion has led to delicate issues.

The Americans gathered that the British appeared to be divided, and that some are seeking to placate Japan at any price while others are standing with the Americans.

It is understood that the Americans have remained firm for the maintenance of 5-6-3 ratio.

The next year's Conference is mentioned but it is not yet certain whether it will be held.

According to British circles, the discussions ended on an optimistic note.—Reuter.

EMPLOYMENT FOR UNEMPLOYED?

Chamberlain Initiates Debate In Commons

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Nov. 14

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain initiating the debate with regard to the distressed areas announced that the Government have decided to appoint two Commissioners to organise schemes of economic development and social improvement for the distressed areas.

The Commissioners would deal with England and Wales and Scotland respectively and their primary function will be to enlist local effort and voluntary assistance from outside to initiate the schemes outside the scope of ordinary Public Administration which offered prospect of employment. The Commissioners would have the widest discretion and he enjoined them not to fear the experiments even if they sometimes failed. Parliament will be asked to vote 2,000,000 sterling for the fund for the use of the commissioners.

Ottawa Stands Utterly Discredited

Congress President Interprets Sir Shanmukham's Defeat In Madras

PATNA, Nov. 15.

Interviewed by the "United Press" as to what he thought about the election results, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that he was fully confident of the success of the Congress candidates in Bihar. He had received, he said, several telegrams from all over the province informing him that the Congress candidates secured a majority everywhere.

Questioned as to the Congress victory in Madras, and specially the smashing defeat of Sir Shanmukham Chetty, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that Sir Chetty was one of the ablest negotiators of the Ottawa Pact and chose to make it an issue before the country. He further chose the constituency peculiarly fitted to pronounce an authoritative verdict thereon.

"If despite the able advocacy thereof," said Rajendra Babu, "Sir Chetty failed at the polls, it only shows how utterly the Ottawa Pact stands discredited."

Dwelling on Mr. Satyamurti's success against the able parliamentarian representing a Party (Justice Party) holding much influence in Madras since the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms, the Congress President remarked: "Experience of Madras is going to be repeated all over the country and the call of the Congress for votes has been responded to as enthusiastically as its call for sacrifice during the last four years."—United Press.

MADRAS MUST BE REPEATED

Rajen Babu On Satyamurti's Success

PATNA, Nov. 15.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Search Light," to give his impression on the defeat of Sir Shanmukham Chetty the president of the last Assembly and on the success of Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Babu Rajendra Prasad said:—

"Sir Shanmukham Chetty was not only responsible to a great extent for the Ottawa Pact as one of the Indians deputed by the Government of India to negotiate it but his election speeches had made it abundantly clear that he had put the Pact as an issue before the electors. He had also chosen a constituency which was particularly in a position to express an authoritative opinion on the question like the Ottawa Pact which has been condemned by the commercial community and business men all over India and their representative organisations which have expressed themselves unequivocally from time to time against it.

SIGNIFICANCE OF CHETTY'S DEFEAT.

The defeat of Sir Shanmukham Chetty places beyond doubt that the best informed opinion in the country is opposed to the pact.

It could not have got better or stronger advocate than Sir Shanmukham and if his advocacy has failed to carry conviction, it is no fault of his but because what he was espousing was a hopeless one.

The success of Mr. Satyamurti is another notable triumph in as much as he had to fight only in able Parliamentarian but also a party which has held power in Madras Presidency ever since the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms were introduced. The very large majority which Mr. Satyamurti has secured indicates the hold which the Congress policy and programme have on the people.

From the forecasts already available, it appears that experience of Madras is going to be repeated all over the country and the call of the Congress for votes has been responded to as enthusiastically as its call for sacrifice during the last four years.—United Press.

BLASTING POWDER FOR PRINCE'S WELCOME

(Special Cable.)

HOBART, Nov. 15.

The Duke of Gloucester in the course of his visit to Tasmania arrived here, and was greeted in a novel fashion by a gang of workmen who were building a motor road to the pinnacle of Mount Wellington who fired the royal salute of 21 charges utilising blasting powder. They stated afterwards that they had decided to welcome the Duke in their way as they were kept away from the official ceremonies by work.

BUS LORRY COLLISION

Driver Killed And Three Injured

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

The driver of a bus died and three passengers including a woman were admitted to hospital with bserious injuries as a result of a motor accident at "Nilsandra yesterday, in which a private bus was involved in a collision with a heavy military transport lorry near a road crossing. Both the vehicles turned turtle, but the men in the lorry were unhurt.—A.P.

"BLANK" WINS DERBY

"Jean's Dream" Follows Close Up

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Derby Cup run at Derby today over a distance of one mile, six furlongs resulted as follows:—

BLANK	1
JEANS DREAM	2
CELESTIAL CITY	3

Twenty-one ran. Won by head. Five lengths separated second and third.

Following were starting prices:—

11 to 2	BLANK
100 to 6	JEANS DREAM
20 to 1	CELESTIAL CITY

SPORTING OFFER REMOVES FEAR OF CLASH

Bombay Quadrangular Cricket

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

Every possibility of the unpleasant situation created by the expected clash between the Moinuddowlah Tournament and the Bombay Quadrangular has now been completely obviated by the very sporting offer made by one of the teams that has come for the semi-finals in the Moinuddowlah Tournament. Mr. Jasdanvala General Secretary of the Islam Gymkhana, has received a letter to-day from Mr. S. M. Hadi, Secretary Moinuddowlah Tournament, stating that the Hyderabad Eleven who are due to play the Retrievers from to-day have decided to withdraw from the game on the evening of the 16th to enable the finals to start on the 18th. This would mean that all the players taking part in the Moinuddowlah Tournament will be able to reach Bombay either on the 22nd or the morning of the 23rd and the Bombay Quadrangular can be played without the slightest hitch.

AUSTRALIAN BREED FOR MYSORE

Woollen Trade in The State

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

The directors of Agriculture, Industries and Commerce held protracted conversations over the possibility of the introduction into the State of Australian Merino creed and other problems relating to woollen trade and sheep breeding with the Indian Tariff Board who are now on a preliminary visit.—A.P.

NEW LOTTERIES BILL

Londonderry And Sweep Tickets

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Home Secretary's statement that the new Lotteries Bill would not prevent individuals from sending ten shillings to Dublin for the Sweep ticket is interpreted in some quarters as giving the Irish Trust full freedom to flood England with tickets.

Lord Londonderry in the Lords debate to-day dashed the hopes of Sweep optimists. He explained that individual purchasers would not be exposed to criminal penalties, but Government intended to restrict the flow of money by measures which are naturally inopportune to reveal.

Congress And Election Campaign

"CHRONICLE'S" ROLE

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The election tremor in the city of Bombay has now subsided, and everybody is awaiting the results with keenest interest. The results, unfortunately, will not be declared before the middle of next week. From all the newspaper reports, it appears that the success of the Congress candidates is a certainty. Let me also hope that the unprecedented enthusiasm of the voters in exercising their franchise, be crowned with glorious success.

I now take this opportunity of congratulating you for the systematic way in which you carried on the election propaganda in your paper since last month. Every important column of your paper was given to the election campaign. The success of the Congress at polling stations will be, to a large extent, due to strenuous efforts of the "Bombay Chronicle." Even to the last hour, the signed leader by the Editor has well reminded the voters about the fact that the Congress stands for independence and the votes given to the Congress candidate are the votes given for the complete independence of India. This editorial guidance must have had a salutary effect. Such a commendable effort on the part of the "Bombay Chronicle" should not be forgotten by the citizens of Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

B. D. WAGH.

Dubash House,
Cumballa Hill,
Nov. 15.

Mr. Tairsee's Complaint

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am sending a copy of the letter I handed over to the Polling Officer, B. and C. Wards, Assembly Election, yesterday and I brought this matter to the attention of Mr. Dillon, who was kind enough to depute his assistant, Mr. Smith, who visited with me A. B. and C. Wards polling booths and was satisfied that what I complained was well-placed. To the credit of Dr. Deshmukh, I must state that he supported my complaint, but he stated that the irregularity was practised more or less by the agents of the candidates and there was nothing to choose between the one and the other, except the question of degree. I find that polling in B and C Wards has been 80 per cent and the average polling about 73 per cent. If the state of things that prevailed had continued for a few hours more, I would be surprised indeed if it had not reached full 100 per cent. I am of opinion that the election will be decided more by the absentee and the dead than by live voters. A sufficient commentary of arrangements made by the Polling Officers!—Yours, etc.

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.
Nov. 15.

To the Polling Officer, B and C. Wards Assembly Election Lombay.

Sir,—I am an agent for Mr. J. M. Mehta, a Candidate, and find that in the hall non-voters are canvassing and voters putting cross before going into booth. This is an irregularity and must be stopped. Your arrangement for issuing slips has perfectly broken down.—Yours, etc.

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

"A Question For Mr. Tairsee"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have seen in your today's paper, a letter by "Hindu Sabhaite." I hope this is the last letter I will have to write on the subject. If "Hindu Sabhaite" is not convinced by what I stated as to my credentials, he will not be satisfied even if one rose from the dead. Your correspondent must be a very good Hindu Sabhaite to attack me when I have practised what the Hindu Sabha has been asking for; but as during election times people have short memories everything else is forgotten.—Yours, etc.

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

Radha's Cartoon-Posters

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Though one of the non-Congress candidates to the Assembly had begun his election campaign months ahead of the Congress-Parliamentary-Board candidates, yet h's campaign was amply met on level grounds. Apart from other causes this was due to a considerable extent, to the very great educative publicity of the cartoon-posters which were found posted up in every nook and corner of the city, the pictures of the leaders conveyed its appeal deeply even to the very illiterate folk. All these cartoon-posters were executed at very short notice specially for the Congress by Radha, the well-known Press Cartoonist of Bombay. He did not undertake any work for the other candidates but restricted himself solely to Congress work.—Yours, etc.,

CITIZEN.

"What Is Mind"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My object in writing on Dr. C. L. D'Avoine's article on mind was not to suggest an alternative theory to his, but to show that his theory is inconsistent with the facts of free-will and personal identity. Dr. D'Avoine himself knows what the alternative theory must be like, for he says in his article, "It (the mind) is either a function of the brain or is something more than that." In the coarse of my remarks I adverted to the view that it "is something more than that." For it must be evident that if his theory is inconsistent with facts, it cannot be true; and therefore, the alternative, "something more than that" theory is alone true. So it is up to Dr. D'Avoine either to deny free-will and personal identity, or to show that his theory is not inconsistent with them.

The problems Dr. D'Avoine asks me to solve are very interesting but altogether beside the mark; for the existence of an entity distinct from the body and producing mental activity through the same does not necessarily depend on the solution of such problems. I may not know what this entity is in the sense of what its substance consists of; but that is no proof that it does not exist. Can Dr. D'Avoine tell us what matter is? But his inability to answer this question is no proof that matter does not exist. I may not know how this entity acts on the brain cells; but that is no proof that it does not act on them. I do not know how a plant grows. But is that a proof that it does not grow? Dr. D'Avoine himself confesses that he does not know "how consciousness and thought are produced." But he does not deny on that account that they are produced. I may not know where the mind existed before the body was formed, and I may be none the worse for my ignorance. Whether it existed here or there or anywhere else is irrelevant to the question that it does now exist. We do not determine where a man came from before we become sure of his existence. I do not know why Dr. D'Avoine wants to draw me into these side issues. To quote his own words, "what we do not know may be known sooner or later"—Yours, etc.

H. W. NISSANKA.

Byculla, Nov. 14.

Tenant v. Landlord

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is not widely known that a landlord can harass his tenant in an ejectment suit by taking advantage of law by compelling him to appear personally in the court whereas he may sit at ease in his house and be represented in the Court by his own agent

Early last month a graduate tenant who paying his rent regularly, could not vacate the premises due to heavy monsoon and also due to serious illness in his family, was compelled to pay full costs in an ejectment suit. He had duly informed the landlord of his inability to vacate as per the notice. The landlord was represented by his chauffeur.

The law was administered strictly according to the letter and the tenants' pleadings were of no avail. In view of this would the Municipality see to it that like other traders catering to the public the landlord in Bombay is also compelled to take out license to prevent such an harassment and mischief. The tenant lost his job on account of this. The landlord had further the audacity to oppose the tenant's application for payment of the amount in instalments, suitable to his means.

I wish the local Legislative Council takes up this question and sees that the Law is suitably modified.—Yours, etc.,

CITIZEN.

Nov. 15.

LAWYER TO MEET LAWYER

Govt. Plans To Face Congress Opposition In New Assembly

RACE FOR PRESIDENTSHIP

'Chronicle' Special Correspondent.

NEW DELHI, November 15.

The Congress reverses in the Punjab and Ajmer have heartened the official world who are now getting ready with their plans for the new Assembly. Their first decision is to pit one ex-Advocate General, Sir N. N. Sarkar as Leader of the House against another ex-Advocate General Mr Bhulabhai Desai, the Leader of the Opposition. Sir Joseph Bhore was normally expected to continue to lead the Assembly till the expiry of his term, but I am told that Sir Joseph surrendered the honour for the reason that his hands are full with departmental affairs and he feels the strain of having to be ever present in the Assembly which is expected of the Leader of the House. Sir Nripendra will fill the role better as he is not in charge of any administrative department and his interest in the Assembly politics was proved by the fact that during the last session he rarely left the Chamber.

A DOMESTIC AFFAIR.

Another advantage in the Law Member acting as the Leader would be that it would become a domestic affair between him and the Legislative Secretary who always sits behind the Leader of the House and arms him with advice on the spot. Yet another reason for this selection may be that after the impending retirement of Sir Joseph Bhore and Sir Fazli Hussain, the senior most Member of the Government next to Sir Frank Noyce, would be Sir Nripendra Sarkar and it may be considered more suitable in the interest of continuity of work of the Leader of the House if the Law Member is appointed the Official Leader from now. The Government is expected to secure the services of Sir S. C. Mukerjee for the Deputy Whip while Mr. Malik Allah Bux Tiwana may again be sounced for the Assistant Whipship, though I doubt whether he would be willing to come at the sacrifice of the interest of his big estate to manage which he resigned last year from the Provincial Civil Service.

SCRAMBLE FOR CHAIR.

Another point of interest is the election of the President. The Government expects about 15 members will be in the field to start with. The possible candidates are stated to be Messrs. S. Satyamurti, Sherwani and Dr. Bhagwan Das from the Congress Group, Mr. M. S. Aney from the Nationalist Group and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Sir Abdur Rahim, Sir Abdulla Suhrawardy, Mr. Abdul Matin Chaudhry, and Sir Muhamed Yakub, Anwarul Azim from the Muslim bloc, Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah from the non-party group.

The best chances, of course, are for Mr. Jinnah if he cares to stand and for Sir Abdur Rahim if he offers himself for the Chair. The Deputy Presidentship of the Assembly would also be fought for by those included in the above list.

REV. OTTAMA SEES Mrs. NEHRU

ALLAHABAD, November 15.

"We do not want separation, but it is bound to come, because the Government wanted it. We have lived with India and will die with her. Government might separate the province politically, but spiritually and culturally Burma and India will remain together", declared Reverend Ottama, the Burma Anti-Separationist Leader who is here on a visit in an interview to the 'United Press".

Rev. Ottama saw Mrs. Motilal Nehru at Ananda Bhuvan. He said that her condition was still unsatisfactory and she had great anxiety for her son and Kamala Nehru.—United Press.

REVOLVER MISSING FROM JUDGE'S TABLE

LUCKNOW, Nov. 15.

It is reported that a six chambered revolver was stolen on Tuesday night from the house of Mr. Pratab Shanker, Assistant Sessions Judge, Lucknow. The revolver was kept in a drawer of a dressing table. Nothing else was found missing.

Police investigations are proceeding.—A. P.

W. D. Begg, Honorary Secretary and Organiser of the forthcoming English Tour of Mr. S. C. Roy's private cricket team in 1935.

RELIEF TO LANDLORDS

Interesting Ruling On Important Point Of Order On U. P. Bill

LUCKNOW, Nov. 15.

The U. P. Council, when it reassembled this morning after twelve days' recess passel the Usurious Loans (Unitel Provinces) Amendment Bill after an official amendment designed to dispel the doubt occasioned by the ruling of a certain court regarding the applicability of the Bill to past transactions had been incorporated in it.

The President made a reference to the death of Khan Bahadur Abdul Bari, M.L.C. before the House proceeded with the business on the agenda.

After lunch the Finance Member Sir Edward Blunt moved consideration of the United Provinces encumbered estates Bill The Bill is intended to assist landowners whose assets, if relief is given, are sufficient to discharge their indebtedness The Bill applies only to bigger landlords whose land revenue exceeds Rs. 100/. That sharp differences of opinion exist on the provisions of the Bill as it has emerged from the Select Committee is shown by the fact that no less than 148 amendments to it figure on the Agenda.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani raised an important point of order inviting the Chair's ruling whether the Select Committee was competent to take as the basis of discussion a Bill which had never been introduced in the Council and which had never been referred to and proceed with amendments to it.

Sir Sitaram, the President, wanted to know from the Finance Member whether the amended draft was merely an amended draft or it was based on certain new principles which were not before the House when the original Bill was introduced.

The Finance Member's reply was that there was no change of principle as regards giving relief to indebted landlords and the changes were entirely in the way in which that was to be done.

INTERESTING POINT .

The President thereupon observed: "This is clearly a very interesting point and I think a point which does not seem to have occurred at least in the history of this Council.

In Maynes Parliamentary practice, there is reference to certain cases in which numberous motions have been made by the Select Committee. The speaker (House of Commons) advised the Government to bring up a new Bill because it was absolutely a different Bill from the one introduced in Parliament.

The Chair is not in a position to give that advice to Government as regards this Bill, simply for the reason that this matter has been hanging for a long time, and perhaps it will be advisable to grapple with the problem once for all.

BAD PRECEDENT.

I must, however, say it is against all Parliamentary practice to introduce another Bill in the Select Committee, a Bill different from the one that was introduced in the House. It will be creating a bad precedent if a new draft Bill based on new principles were to be put before the Select Committee after it had been seen by the House."

Mr. Mohanlalsah (representing Bankers) moved re-circulation of the Bill to elicit further public opinion as the Bill was of a highly complicated nature and the problem it sought to solve was of far-reaching importance. At the conclusion of his speech the House rose for the day.—A. P.

CONGRESS VICTORIES

(Continued from page 1.)

Singh 807, and Sardar Rajendra Singh 69.—A.P.

VICTORY FOR GAUBA

Muslim League Secretary Defeated

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The counting commenced this morning for all the Assembly seats in the Punjab. Up to 2 p.m. only one result has been known for the East Central Punjab Mohamedan constituency in which Mr. Khalidlatif Gauba is returned by a majority of 997 votes defeating Mr. Haji Rahimbux, the Secretary of the Muslim League and Conference who secured only 1,622 votes against 2,619 by the former.

Mr. Gauba is a new Convert to Islam. His Hindu name was Kahnayalal Gauba, the author of "Uncle Sam." Mr. Gauba was supported by Ahrar party.—United Press.

Congress Candidate's Defeat

AJMER, Nov. 15.

Congress suffered first defeat in the present election campaign in Ajmer-Merwara constituency.

It is officially announced to-day that Seth Bhagchand Soni having secured the largest number of votes has been declared elected.

Seth Soni secured 2,625, Congress candidate Muket Beharilal 1325 and Haribaldas Sarda sitting member 891 votes respectively.

The fourth candidate Maganlal forfeited his deposit as he secured only 54 votes.—A. P.

99 P. C. VOTES FOR CONGRESS

(From A Correspondent)

BARDOLI, Nov. 15.

Bardoli votes 99 per cent for the Congress candidate Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai. No motor cars or carriages were used.

Mr. Anklesharia's agents voted for Bhulabhai. Bardoli taluka recorded 1,671 votes, Congress opponent hardly getting a dozen.

Bhulabhai Scores Over Anklesaria

(From Our Own Correspondent)

BROACH, Nov. 14.

Great enthusiasm was displayed to-day at the polling booths in Broach. In the early morning prominent Congressmen like Sjt. Dinkerrao N. Desai and Dr. Chandulal were seen canvasing for Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai. Some Parsi and Muslim youths also canvassed for Sjt. Desai. At Broach polling Station Sjt. Desai has secured an overwhelming majority. Reports received from other polling station of the district show that Sjt. Desai has obtained majority at every place.

CONGRESS SUCCESS IN AHMEDABAD

Majority Of Voters Believed To Have Supported Bhulabhai Desai

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15.

Reports received from various polling stations show that there was peaceful polling yesterday in connection with the Assembly elections though the voters evinced keen interest in exercising their franchise.

Conveyances were provided for the voters in urban areas but in the absence of conveyances in the rural areas the voters walked long distances to go to the polling stations.

About 50 per cent. of the voters are reported to have recorded their votes and, it is believed, a large number of them voted for Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, the nominee and Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board.—A. P.

CONGRESS LEADS IN EAST KHANDESH

Jalgaon Merchants Ignore Walchand

(From A Correspondent).

JALGAON, Nov. 15.

Great enthusiasm prevailed over the Assembly elections throughout East Khandesh. The reports received so far show that East Khandesh stands strongly by Congress though Sheth Walchand's newly bought motor cars made a grand display at every polling station. In the moffussils Mr. Jedhe tops while Mr. N. V. Gadgil flourishes in the municipal areas.

Mr. Lalchand, Walchand's brother is reported to have said at Jalgaon that the merchants treated him most shabbily. Sixty per cent of votes were polled for Mr. Gadgil in Jalgaon.

The victory of Messrs. Jedhe and Gadgil is certain in the East Khandesh voting.

CONGRESS LEADS IN C. P. HINDUSTANI

50 Per Cent Of Women Voters Go To Polls

(From Our Correspondent)

SAUGOR, Nov. 13.

Polling for the Legislative Assembly elections for the C. P. Hindustani Constituency was held yesterday in the Town Hall, Tahsil office and Cantonment office. The contesting candidates are Seth Govind Dass, Ghanshyam Pershad Gupta nominees of the Congress Parliamentary Board and Dr. Sir Hari Sing Gour supported by the Hindu Maha Sabha and nationalist party.

Congress candidates are reported to be leading overwhelmingly at the polls.

80 P.C. OF VOTES POLLED

Reports from the Moffusil also indicate that Congress candidates are leading the polls everywhere by an overwhelming majority. Nearly 80 p. c. of the votes have been polled.

The special feature of the elections was the keen interest taken by the fair sex. Nearly 59 p.c. of women voters turned up and voted.

Reports from all centres show that the Assembly election passed off peacefully.

MUSLIM CANDIDATES

For the Muslim seats there are four candidates Viz. Hafiz Abdulali, K. B Wilayat Ullah, K. S. Nawab Siddique Ali and Mirza Akhtar Husain, Pleader.

Out of the total number of 117 votes 72 votes were polled including all the 3 women votes. Nawab Siddique Ali is reported to be leading.

75 P. C. VOTES FOR HOSMANI

Mr. Gokhale, Secretary of the Congress Committee Belgaum wires under date Nov. 15:

Generally 75 per cent of the polled votes in Belgaum District are in favour of Mr. Hosmani the Congress candidate. The same is the position in Dharwar and Bijapur districts the position in Colaba district is sound.

Details of Ratnagiri and Karwar are not yet available but yet the Congress success is assured.

ASSAM EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE

GAUHATI, Nov. 15.

Mr. F. W. Hockenhull has been declared elected a member of the Legislative Assembly from Assam (European) constituency.—A. P.

LONDON.—Death has occurred of Mr. John Joy Bell journalist and author.

UNIQUE IN HISTORY OF CITY

All Interests Worked For Congress Success, Say B. P. C. C. Secretaries

Sjts. S. K. Patil and G. N. Desai, General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, who had the charge of Assembly election campaign on behalf of the Congress, have issued the following statement:

Assembly elections in the City are at last over and it is a matter of great relief and satisfaction to all Congressmen that these have passed off without any untoward event.

UNIQUE ELECTION.

Those who have witnessed yesteday's scenes of enthusiasm and jubilation will agree with us when we say that it was a unique election in this City. Never before had citizens showed such keen and lively interest in any election. The forces which were ranged against the Congress were many and formidable but these were simply smashed, thanked to the boundless love and unquestionable loyalty to the Congress shown by thousands of citizens. Polling went on as expected and even better. Nothing was miscalculated nothing exaggerated. On the results so far achieved we are confident that both our candidates will be triumphantly returned.

ELECTION ATMOSPHERE.

This great achievement of the Congress would have been an impossibility if, in addition to the love and loyalty of citizens to the Congress, a proper election atmosphere was not created in the city. Towards the creation of such an atmosphere, hundreds of workers and scores of business and public associations have made great contributions. But for the energetic and self-less labours of these friends, our organisation would not have become as efficient as it proved to be. We take this opportunity of publicly thanking all persons and associations who willingly helped us in making our election cmpaign a unique success.

First and foremost, we have to thank the nationalist Press of Bombay, which has rendered magnificent services towards the success of the campaign. The way this Press has backed up our activities during the very short time at our disposal is, indeed, marvellous.

FOR PEACE AND ORDERLINESS.

Our Desh-Sevikas, the lady volunteers of Gandhi Seva Sena, have always stood by the Congress in the hour of need and have unstintingly put their services at our disposal whenever these were commandeered.

Yesterday these Desh-Sevikas were at their best. Since early morning they were standing in front of all the four booths effectively appealing to voters, to vote for Congress candidates. Their presence at the booths was a great factor or peace and orderliness We are sincerely grateful to this energetic band of "Desh-Sevikas."

Hundreds of Congress-minded people placed their private cars at the disposal of the Congress candidates at considerable personal inconvenience. A word from the candidates in the name of the Congress was enough inducement for an owner to send his car. We are thankful to all these friends but for whose assistance our efficiency would have considerably suffered.

SIGNAL SERVICES.

Scores of business associations actively co-operated with us in the great campaign. Their influence and even man-power was at our disposal throughout the campaign. How can one forget such signal services? We are extremely thankful to all these associations and their workers. The members and workers of the Marwari Sammelan rendered yeoman's services yesterday. By placing their men and cars at the disposal of the Congress candidates they contributed immensely towards the success of the election. We cannot but be grateful for this extremely useful friendly co-operation.

SERVICE THEIR MOTTO.

Last but not the least our own workers and the Congress organisations in all the seven wards. Day and night they have worked to maintain the efficiency of the campaign. They had to work against time and against odds but they did so ungrudgingly and efficiently. They have proved their undoubted capacity for great achievements. They are too numerous to mention, nor do they care for any praise. Service is their motto and they will continue to serve the Congress for ever and for ever.

Who can forget the unparalleled enthusiasm which the public of Bombay demonstrated yesterday? They triumphantly held the Congress banner aloft and proved, beyond doubt, that whatever the enemies may say, the public of Bombay is always with the Congress.

Sore throat? -A Job for CONDY'S

Epidemic troubles, colds and influenza, usually show their earliest symptoms in the throat. At the first sign gargle with Condy's Fluid — "You cannot do better" says an eminent Throat Specialist . . . And, better still, gargle with Condy's every day so that that "first symptom" doesn't get a chance.

Condy's is the SAFEST antiseptic for all personal uses.

CONDY'S FLUID

Approved by eminent scientists and used with consistent effectiveness in Hospitals and in millions of homes.

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars throughout India. If any difficulty, from Wholesale Agents: FRANK ROSS & CO. LTD., Wholesale Chemists and Druggists, Chowringhee, Calcutta; CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO., Princess Street, Bombay; and WALTER WHITE, Manhar Buildings, Princess Street, Bombay.

GUARDIAN OF GOOD HEALTH

HOW INDIAN TALKIES CAN BE IMPROVED

Interview With Mufti Shaukat Ali Fahmi

Mufti Shaukat Ali Fahmi, the well-known Urdu Journalist of Delhi who arrived in Bombay on Monday was interviewed at the Shahejhan Mehal Hotel by a "Chronicle" representative.

Mufti Shaukat Ali Fahmi, is an authority on Islamic literature and his visit to Bombay is at the special invitation of the Imperial Film Company who intend to produce a number of films of Islamic interest.

In the past, the Imperial Film Company had produced several pictures, relating to Islamic history, but they all met with either a cold reception or displeasure of the Muslim public for several reasons, prominent among which was the wrong depiction of events in Islamic history.

Interviewed by our representative Mr. Fahmi said that one of the reasons why Indian productions did not come up to the western standard was that the producers considered getting cheap work and quick money of primary importance, and art and the subject matter of the picture only occupied a secondary place with them.

"What is your opinion about these picture which have been prodoced in the past and are based on Islamic subjects" asked our representative.

"Frankly speaking" said Mr. Fahmi "I consider that they ought not to have been released Some of them are outrageously false to Muslim sentiment and it is difficult to say whether the producers have been concious of the fact or not."

ART ABOVE PROFIT.

"Do you think that Indian productions can secure a worthy place in the world's screen history?"

"Why not"? "said Mr. Fahmi." "But it all depends upon the efforts of the producers. If they put art and technique before profit, they may compete with the best of the western producers."

Mr. Fahmi further remarked that as regards Islamic productions, the producers will have to consult the taste of the Muslim public who are very appreciative of historical and instructive picture. The subject of a picture should be based on actual facts, and the story writer should not draw freely upon his imagination to the extent of wounding any religious or communal feelings.

There is no dealth of the right type of story-writer in this country Mr. Fahmi added, "but it is hard for the honest writer to get even admission to the presence of the all mighty producers in his exclusive sanctum. It is for the producer to change all this, and if there is sincerity on his side, he is sure to get what the public wants."

"It is also regrettable" added Mr. Fahmi "that in most of the Urdu talkies released in the past the standard of Urdu is very low and some times very sidiculous. It is therefore, necessary for the producers to keep a sharp watchful eye on what they are offering to the public and if they are mindful of their drawbacks and desirous of improvement, they can revolutionise Indian productions."

LORD ERSKINE TAKES CHARGE

Sir George Stanley Leaves For England

MADRAS, November 15.

Sir George Stanley and Lady Beatrix Stanley left for Bombay this evening by a special train "en route" to England. Prior to departure, they bade good-bye to a large number of officials and non-officials assembled at the banqueting hall and then drove in State to the Central Station amidst cheers of the people lining the route.

The special train left at 5-30 p.m.

Lord Erskine assumed charge of Governorship at 6 p.m. The ceremony which was very impressive took place at the Banqueting Hall in the presence of a large gathering.

A Gazette Extraordinary says that the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to direct that as a mark of respect due to the services of Sir George Frederick Stanley, all honours and distinctions to which he is entitled as Governor will be continued until his embarkation from Bombay.—A.P.

NEW GOVERNOR REACHES MADRAS

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

Lord Erskine, Governor Designate, with Lady Marjorie Erskine and their third son the Honourable Robert Erskine arrived in Madras this morning by a special train from Bombay and were received at the station by the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, Private and Military Secretaries to the Governor, Officer Commanding the Madras District, the Mayor, Sheriff and other officials.

After inspecting the Guard of Honour, the Governor Designate and party drove to the Government House amidst cheers from the crowd lining either side of the route. On arrival at the Government House, Sir George and Lady Beatric Stanley welcomed them on behalf of the people of Madras. —A.P.

EX-KING OF GREECE FOR MYSORE

MYSORE, Nov. 15.

Ex-King George of Greece, it is understood, is visiting the capital in January.—A.P.

PATTANI'S FORTHCOMING VISIT

Bhavnagar Experiments For Mysore

MYSORE, Nov. 15.

Significance is attached to Sir Prabhashankar Pattani's forthcoming visit to preside at the State Agriculturists' Conference. Agriculturists hold that Bhavnagar experiments would prove successful here.—A.P.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Nov. 15.

Storm in the Bay of Bengal at the end of last week moved northeastwards, crossed the Arakan coast near Akyab, early on the morning of 10th and became unimportant thereafter. It caused local rain along Chittagong and Arakan coast on the 7th, and widespread locally heavy falls in Burma and Southeast Bengal on the 8th and 9th. Local rain also occurred in South Madras and Assam on the 7th and in Upper Burma on the 7th and 10th. It continued in Tenasserim throughout the rest of the week.

The western disturbance passed eastwards through Kashmir, and caused light showers of rain or snow there, between the 10th and the 13th.

Night temperature was below normal generally over the north peninsula between the 9th and 11th.—A.P.

SOCIALISM GAINING GROUND IN GUJARAT

(From A Correspondent).

BORSAD, (By Mail).

Socialism is gaining ground in Gujarat.

A Taluka Congress Socialist Party has been formed in Borsad. The work of enlisting members is going on.

A meeting of the party will be held shortly and a constitution will be chalked out.

EPIDEMIC IN BARODA STATE

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Nov. 19.

Plague is still prevalent in Petlad Taluka and Cholera in Mangrol taluka nd Sankheda in the Baroda State.

During the last fortnight out of 24 cases of plague, 16 proved fatal. Cholera started in Mangrol taluka on Sept 11 and 203 have so far proved fatal.

It is learnt from a reliable source that the Government of Baroda is contemplating to enact a bill pertaining to religious buildings wherein it is learnt, a clause will be incorporated that permission of government will be essential before building any religious house. It is further learnt that this step is taken with a view to keep up communal unity.

The girl guides of Arya Kanya Mahariyalaya are arriving here in the first week of December from South Africa. They are reaching Bombay on December 1.

COCHIN HARBOUR CONFERENCE

Sir C. P. Leaves For Delhi

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 15.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer leaves for Madras to-morrow to attend a preliminary Conference of the Cochin Harbour Conference to be held at Madras on November 17. He will leave Madras on November 22 for New Delhi via Bombay. —A.P.

Our Deccan Letter

HARIJAN HOSTEL FOR HYDERABAD

To Start With Only 20 Inmates

(From Our Correspondent.

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) By Mail.

Mr. R. Narayan Reddy, president of the local Harijan Sevak Sangh in an interview to the "Chronicle" representative says that the proposed Harijan Hostel will be shortly inaugurated, only twenty boarders will be entertained in the beginning.

ALLEGED EMBEZZELEMENT.

A message from Nanded states that the Treasurer of the District police office, Nanded, suspected to be responsible for the embezzlement of a sum amounting to Rs. 21,000 from the treasury is absconding. It is alleged that the culprit broke the treasure chest and took away currency notes leaving the weapons in the treasury room. An Inspector of the station house has been suspended.

SUGAR INDUSTRY.

With the Nizamsager project completed and the opportune protection granted to the sugar inqustry by the Government of India, it became imperative for the Nizam's Government to consider the question of the development of sugar-cane cultivation and the manufacture therefrom of white-sugar of which about 20,000 tons are imported annually in these Dominions for total consumption Mr. R. C. Srivastav, the sugar Technologist of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, was invited by the Industrial Fund Trustees to advise the Nizam's Government regarding the establishment of a Sugar Factory in the Nizam Sagar area. Mr. Srivastav twice visited the place and has now submitted a detailed report, dealing primarily with the prospects of a sugar factory in the canal area.

AJMER NEEDS "GANDHI PURGE"

An Appeal To Rajen Babu To Settle Congress Dispute

Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor wires from Ajmer under date Nov. 15:

Ajmer Congress which is already bleeding due to internecine quarrels received one more wound in the Congress candidate's defeat. The crash is no doubt terrible, but we are defeated by our own Umichands. For the last six months, I cried in vain against sabotaging and saboteurs. Even my telegrams to Dr. Roy, and Moulana Azad sent on 29th June remained unanswered.

The Ajmer Congress needs a purge, a complete Gandhi purge, and we hope during Rajen Babu's regime, heroes of Rajasthan will not be treated as a negligible factor.

DRY WEATHER CONTINUES

POONA, Nov. 15

The weather continues to be dry over the country except for a few falls of rain in Southeast Madras, Pamban reporting one inch. The western disturbance is causing a rise of temperature and extension of cloud along the North-West Frontier

Forecast:—A few falls of rain will occur in South Madras, and light showers will extend along the North-West Frontier.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-11-1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .002 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.1 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 70.3 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.5 degrees 1.0 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 72.5 degrees 0.5 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 116 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 15-11-1934.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 78.6deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.24 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.05 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

His Fifth Conviction

Gopal Narayan, a returned deportee having four previous convictions, was sentenced on Thursday by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, to undergo 18 month's R. I.

NATIONAL EDUCATION

(Continued from page 6.)

village school teacher ought to be a sort of a missionary whose holy mission should be to educate the whole village. The village schools should not be a replica of the city schools. The secondary schools of the rural area might dispense with some subjects, which are taught in the urban schools and take up other subjects which are more useful for the agricultural population They must create in their pupils an attachment for the soil and a passion for the improvement of their own conditions. The present condition, that an educated villager begins to despise his surroundings and tries to dissociate himself from the village life, should be entirely changed. A village school boy should be made to realise that his chief sphere is his own village, and that it is his bounden duty to improve its condition.

Adult Education

The question of Adult Education is of great importance for India. Unless a movement for the liquidation of adult illiteracy takes the form of a national drive the backward condition of the masses cannot be improved. This ought to be the chief concern of the Department of Education. The thousands of young men who are crowded in the cities in search of employment should be employed in this work. They ought to be given a short training and should be sent into villages to teach the people the three R's as well as elements of hygiene. This will be killing two birds with one stone. On one side this would ease the unemployment of the city intelligentsia and on the other side the village population would get an opportunity which they have been denied for too long.

Women's Education

No scheme of education can be complete without considering the problems of the education of Girls. In a country where Purdah and segregation of women is the order of the day, it would be thought the height of impudence to say that "no distinction need be made between Boys and Girls in matters of Education." There is no hope of salvation for a nation which treats its women as inferior beings. No justification for this treatment exists in modern times. The experience of the West has proved that Women can compete, on equal terms, with men in every walk of life. There is no field of work for which they are inherently unfit. On the other hand, it can be asserted that there are certain fields where women have proved more successful than men, e.g. the upbringing of small children and matters of Domestic Economy. They ought, therefore, to be encouraged to specialise in these branches, but no check should be imposed on them if they want to take up any other work. This goes without saying that no separate schools for Girls are required. Co-education has more advantages than we, in this country, have as yet learnt to appreciate. If there are any disadvantages at all they are so insignificant, when compared to the great cost that the nation must incur if seperate schools of every kind are set up for girls, that they should be overlooked. It is high time for us to adjust our social life according to the behests of Nature. Humanity has suffered quite a good deal from the unnatural segregation of women in high walled Harems. A modern system of education should at the very outset provide for the training of boys and girls in a way that they might be able to work shoulder to shoulder in every walk of life. Nature has meant them to do so. If Man disregards the laws of Nature the world is bound to suffer.

I am afraid this article of mine is very sketchy, but I hope it would arouse the interest of our political leaders and Educationists and they would begin to think about the problems of National Education more seriously. Let those, who want to see the people of India united as a homogenous Nation, realise that the first thing they ought to do is to organise a sound System of Education. If they fail to do so all their ideals will prove to be empty dreams.

(Concluded.)

Little's Oriental Balm

"India's Foremost Remedy'

Third Announcement

TO BRING Little's Oriental Balm within the means of all and everybody, this popular Four-Anna size is newly introduced.

And — your four-anna outlay procures for you the same unfailing L. O. B., from the famous and unchanged formula of half a century. Also, you buy at one fourth the original rate. Ask your dealer for "L.O.B., 4 anna size."

Same price in all districts where no Octroi, or other recognised surcharges, apply.

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this *time-proved* remedy will not fail you.

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM

the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

(Box 67) MADRAS.

Try also "Little's Oriental Soap," for "soft as velvet skin". Rs. 1.6 p. doz.

BRITANNIA

CHEESE BISCUITS

make a perfect finish to any meal and the only finish to a perfect meal.

Buy a tin to-day and see for yourself.

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Manufacturers of 33 different varieties.

BEK.1

INDIAN ROADS CONGRESS

Plan For All-India Organisation

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

Enquiries made by the Associated Press show that the Indian Roads Congress to be organised as a result of a five days' experimental session in the second week of December will, when constituted, meet once a year at the headquarters of the different provinces in rotation and by invitation. There is to be an Hon. Secretary for India and local Hon. Secretaries in each province.

In order to avoid the expense of attending committee meeting there will be a meeting of the General Committee once a year at the time of the annual Congress. There will be also a local Committee whose principal functions will be the organisation of Congress meetings in rotation. A large item of expenditure will be travelling and halting allowance to delegates attending the annual meetings.

The membership is also open to firms or members of firms engaged in business connected with the construction of roads and bridges. The present idea is to levy a nominal subscription of Rs. 5/ in the case of ordinary members and there may be co-operative subscription for large firms.—A. P.

Lucknow Swadeshi Exhibition

The Secretary of Lucknow Swadeshi Exhibition writes:—

The news that the 'Frontier Gandhi' Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan will perform the opening ceremony ow the Swadeshi Exhibition at Lucknow has created a keen interest amongst the citizens of Lucknow. Enthusiasm is running high and the city is preparing to accord a fitting and rousing reception to the great man of the Frontier who is coming to these Provinces for the first time.

The Booking of stalls is also going on very briskly and only a very small number of stalls are now available.

The construction of stalls is in full swing. Business firms from all over India as far Burma and Kashmeer are bringing their goods to the exhibition and the exhibition will in reality be an All-India one.

"APPROVER" TO HANG

Shil Triple Murder Case

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 15.

An "approver" in a triple murder case, who forfeited the pardon granted to him for not having disclosed the whole truth in the Sessions Court as a result of which five accused were acquitted by Mr. B. K. Dalvi, the additional sessions Judge of Thana, on June 5 last, was to-day sentenced to death by Mr. S. M. Kaikini, the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana, accepting the Jury's unanimous verdict that the accused Mahadu Kavaji Kewari (the approver) was guilty of having abetted the murders of Dhondu, his wife Janibai and his servant Lakshman in their hut at Shil village near Mumbra in the Kalyan taluka on September 23. 1933.

Aundh:—The silver jubilee of the accession to the Gadi of Aundh by Shrimant Balasaheb Pratinidhi was celebrated here on Wednesday on a grand scale. Distinguished persons from Poona, Sangli, Satara, Kolhapur and other places were present.—A.P.

Latest Commercial News

SMALL RISE IN NEW YORK COTTON

Crossrates Quiet With Small Changes

GOLD SLIGHTLY BETTER BUT SILVER UNCHANGED

Wheat And Linseed Quiet But Jute And Rubber Better

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

On Thursday, crossrates ruled quiet with small changes.

STEADIER TONE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton market presented a steadier tone on improved outside interest and better business prospects. There was sporadic liquidation and southern selling against speculative buying.

GOLD SLIGHTLY BETTER BUT SILVER UNCHANGED.

Gold was slightly better but silver remained unchanged.

WHEAT AND LINSEED QUIET.

Wheat and linseed ruled quiet with small business.

JUTE AND RUBBER BETTER.

Tin was steady but jute and rubber were better.

GOOD SUPPORT IN SECURITIES.

The London Stock Exchange continued to improve and good activity was reported. Giltedged securities again stood out on good support.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	12.24
To-day's opening	12.20
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	12.26
Difference	+.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1935)

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	6.58
To-day's opening	6.58
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	6.58
Difference	unchanged

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May	Rs. 215

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 15.

Cotton developed a somewhat steadier tendency to-day on improved outside interest and speculative buying influenced by better business prospects with prices displaying a rallying disposition but the lack of enterprise and the generally waiting attitude adopted by traders kept movements within a narrow margin. The market on whole behaved well despite sporadic liquidation and southern selling.

Trading in December commenced at 12.20 i.e. 4 points lower than the previous closing. Prices early lost ground on December liquidation and some southern offerings influenced by unfavourable Liverpool advices but with the appearance of foreign buying and local enquiry the market speedily recovered with December coming up to 12.25 while further buying activity pushed the price to 12.27.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.26 with a rise of 2 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 15.

The following were the opening ranges.

December (12.31/12.29) 12.21/12.20
January (12.40/12.39) 12.33/12.31
March (12.39/12.38) 12.34/12.33

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American January (6.58) 6.58
American March (6.56) 6.56
Egyptian January (8.36) 8.37
Egyptian March (8.36) 8.36

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 15

10-45 p'm

Broach A-M. moved between Rs. 214-12 and Rs. 215-8 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 215-8 with New York futures about 2 points up.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1934-35	1933-34
F. P. Bales		
Receipts to date 14-11-34	2527000	4046000
Receipts Yesterday 14-11-34	11000	33000
Exports to date 14-11-34	1577000	2838000
Stock at Ports 9-11-34	3155000	3936000
Stock Interior Towns 9-11-34	1919000	2081000
Stock Liverpool 9-11-34	937000	833000
Visible Supply 9-11-34	6833000	8772000
Quantity in Sight 9-11-34	4269000	6415000
Quantity out of Sight 9-11-34	2754000	4196000

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	4.99 1/2
To-day's opening	4.99 1/8
To-day's closing	4.99 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	4.99 5/8
To-day's opening	4.99
To-day's closing	4.99 3/8
Difference	—.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	75.84
To-day's opening	75.78
To-day's closing	75.78
Difference	—.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov. 15.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.99 and then advanced to 4.99 3/16. Thereafter movements were rather slow and irregular.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.99 3/8.

The franc opened at 75.78 but there was entire absence of activity with the rate remaining pinned to the opening level.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 75.78.

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov. 15.

The market closed steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	24 3/4d.	24 3/4d.
Forward	24 7/8d.	24 7/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov. 15.

Gold (£6-19-3 1/2) £6-19-4 1/2

BULLION

London, Nov. 15.

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil.
Silver Spot (24 3/4d.) 24 3/4d.
Gold per ounce (£6-19-3 1/2) £6-19-4 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov. 15.

3 months (3/8 to 7/16 p.c.) 3/8 to 7/16 p.c.
4 months (7/16 to 1/2 p.c.) 7/16 to 1/2 p.c
6 months (9/16 to 5/8 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay (5.71 1/8) 5.70 1/4
New York on Bombay (37.65) 37.62
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/2) 0.93 3/4
London on Milan (58.40) 58.37
London on Shanghai (1-4 3/8) 1-4 1/4
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 66/11, 66/14 and 67/2. The market showed some fair activity on scattered buying but the lack of any good advices from abroad kept prices from showing further improvement and closed steady at Rs. 66/14, 67/1 and 67/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/8/9, 34/9/6 and 34/10/6. There was some speculative buying on option dealers account and also enquiry from banks influenced by slight weakness in sterling but business on the whole remained disappointing and prices closed steady at Rs. 34/9/3, 34/11 and 34/12.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 58, March 62 1/2 and May 64 1/4. Some activity prevailed on some speculative buying but on the whole business continued very small owing to disappointing foreign advices.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 15.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 99 3/8. The market was rather quiet in the absence of speculative activity and poor enquiry.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Nov. 15.

Argentine linseed opened steady with December at 11.50. Market lacked buying and there was general feeling of apathy with December standing at 11.50.

LONDON MARKETS

Bombay, Nov. 15.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS.

Tin (£228 1/4 buyers £228 1/2 sellers) £228 1/4 buyers £228 3/8 sellers steady.
Lead (£10 5/16 buyers £10 3/8 sellers) £10 7/16 buyers £10 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£30 3/4 to £31) £30 1/2 to £31 7/8
Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. new crop (£15 1/2 paid) £15 11/16 sellers.
Dunlop Nov (£18 sellers) £18 1/4 sellers.
Lightening Nov (£16 3/4 sellers) £16 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (6 5/16) 6 5/16 paid and value.
Jan-March (6 1/2) 6 7/8 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Nov. (£11 1/16) £11 1/8 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta (£10 5/8 sellers) £10 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov (£9 5/16 sellers) £9 3/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal (£10 5/8 sellers) £10 5/8 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 15.

10-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat January	3	15	6
Wheat May	4	5	0
Linseed May	6	2	9

The tone was firm.

BLUE BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, Nov. 15.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 p.m.	6	2	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	6	2	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	6	2	0
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6	2	6
Rates at 6-30 p.m	6	2	6
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6	2	6
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6	2	9

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

Bombay, Nov 15

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £88 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 53 £109 1/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 £109 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 £115
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 £116 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 £106 3/8
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 £104 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 £106

COTTON TEJI-MANDI

Bombay, Nov. 15.

F. G. Broach April/May Teji on Mandi Premium about Rs. 17½
G. F. Broach April/May Teji on 225 Premium about Rs. 5
F. G. Broach April/May Teji on 250 Premium about Re. 1.
F. G. Broach April/May Mandi on 200 Premium about Rs. 4.
F. G. Broach April/May Mandi on 190 Premium about Rs. 2½.
Monthly April/May Teji/Mandi Rs. 3½
Monthly Rs. 5 difference Teji Rs. ½
Monthly Rs. 5 difference Mandi Rs. ½

SEEDS' TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 28/7/6; Highest Rs. 28/9; Lowest Rs. 28/6; Closing Rs. 28/8.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 32/5/6; Highest Rs. 32/7/6; Closing Rs. 32/6/6.

Cotton seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 18/7; Highest Rs. 18/8; Closing Rs. 18/7.

PROFIT TAKING IN GILT-EDGED SECURITIES ON THE ADVANCE

DIVERSION OF BUYING POWER TO LEADING INDUSTRIALS

Violent Fluctuations In Copper

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

On the Stock Exchange interest broadened considerably, the demand for home securities being accentuated by satisfactory Board of Trade returns for October.

Giltedged securities after further strength closed well under the best, although still showing an advance, 2 1/2 per cent Consols at 91 1/4 and 5 per cent conversion at 124 1/8.

There was previously some profit-taking and diversion of buying power to other directions, notably leading industrials which were decidedly stronger. Imperials closed 3/3d. up at 139 and there were active dealings in the street market mostly at higher prices.

Commodities were quiet and featureless, apart from copper which fluctuated violently.

Wall Street opened steady, a slight rally developing later.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 15.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £98 1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were firm and active Giltedgeds were a prominent feature. There was a desire to secure profits in mining shares after renewed activity. Industrials generally had some good features.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£90 1/4) £92 1/4
4 per cent Government Loan (£110 1/4) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£115 1/2) £116 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£119 1/2) £121 1/4
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107 5/8) £109 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£118 3/4) £119 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c. Preference cumulative (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer ordinary (11 5/8) 11 7/8
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 4 1/4
Musical Industries (30-9) 30-9
Princhin Johnson (43-3) 43-3
Imperial Chemical Defd 36-4 1/2 36-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-0) 9-0
Woolsworth New Ord (113-9) 113-9
Sanpauls 7 p.c. coffee
Realisation 1930 (£97) £96 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (48-3) 49-0
University Ordinary (23-3) 23-9
Ford Motors (38-10 1/2) 38-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless (7) 7
British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2) 126-3
Camera 'A' (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ord (135-10 1/2) 138-9
P and O S N Co Defd (17-3) 17-3
Distillers (93-3) 94-3
Bredrurd Dyers (10-9) 10-9
British Celonese (10-0) 10-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-9) 65-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (47-10 1/2) 47-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-9) 8-9
Wickers Ltd Ordinary (10-3) 10-3
Inter Nickels (23 3/4) 23 3/4
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-3) 5-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£110) £111

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (£50 1/4) £50 1/4
L M S Ford (£21 3/4) £21 3/4
L N E R Defd (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Southern Dutch (£23 1/4) £22 1/2
Landing Pass 5 per cent Stock (£133) £134
London 'G' Stock (£89 1/4) £94 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£88 1/2) £88 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£98 1/4) £98 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1953/56 (£112 1/4) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1953/56 (£115) £115 1/2
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-55 (£109) £109
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£106 1/4) £106 1/2
3 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£116 3/4) £117

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (£115 1/4) £115 1/4

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (25-0) 23-9
Empire of India and Ceylon (37-0) 37-0
Donaro Tea (52-0) 50-0

JUTES SHARES

Bangalore (11 1/2) 11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-3) 22-6
Gula Kelampong (17-6) 17-6
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (30-0) 29-6

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-3) 56-3
Burma Corporation (11-9) 11-9
Rio Tintos (12 3/4) 12 3/4
East Rand Proprietary (50-6) 50-6
Rand Mines (136-3) 136-3

OIL SHARES

Venezulela (35-0) 34-4 1/2
Anglo Persian (42-6) 42-6
Burma Oil (76-3) 75-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-3) 6-3
Shell Transport (42-6) 42-6
Royal Dutch (£18 3/8) £18 3/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 15.

The following were the opening rates:
General Motors (dol 30 3/4) dol 30 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 11 1/8) dol 10 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 34 3/8) dol 34 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 79 1/4) dol 78 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (246-9) 246-9
Goddar (173-9) 178-9
Moddar New (77-6) 77-6
Sub Nigel (222-6) 226-3
Spring Mines (165-0) 165-0
Union Corporation (135-0) 136-3

MAURICE IS NOT WILLING

"Kay Francis, Charming Woman And Fine Friend, But Marriage—No!"

Maurice Chevalier is not going to marry Kay Francis—so he says.

He arrived at Victoria yesterday—in a soft felt hat! But he had his famous straw with him, oh yes. He always carries it.

"You've started that, too," he said, with his famous smile, when a "News Chronicle" reporter called on him at his West End hotel. "They made a terrific fuss about it in Paris.

"But Kay Francis is a charming woman and a fine friend, but marriage—no! No question of it!"

And he went on to talk of his house in Cannes.

To-day he is going to have a talk with Alexander Korda about a film to be made in England. He will spend his time in London, as he always spends his periodical visits— with friends—before he goes back to America to make two films with Irving Thalberg, Norma Shearer's husband.

He will leave on the 31st of this month, before "The Merry Widow," his latest picture, is shown over here.

BRITISH WOMEN ASKED TO KNIT

Duchess Of York Makes Nation-wide Appeal

The Duchess of York is to lead a great nation-wide knitting campaign on behalf of sufferers in distressed areas.

This announcement was made in London in mail week at a meeting of the Personal Service League.

The League is appealing for 100,000 woollen garments within the next few months, and Lady Reading, chairman of the League, said:

"The Duchess of York has promised to lead women by knitting the first piece, and by getting her household to knit also.

"She is going to ask every woman in England to knit articles and send them to her at her private home in Piccadilly."

Lady Reading added that last year nearly a million garments were distributed, which meant that 200,000 people were clothed.

CASE AGAINST PETITS

Cross-Examination Of Share Broker by Defence Counsel

At the resumed hearing of the "Bank of India vs. Petits' Case" before Mr. I. S. Haji, Acting Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Thursday, Mr. S. G. Velinkar, appearing for the first accused said at the outset, that with the permission of the court, he would like to know how many witnesses the prosecution was going to call in the case in order to assure himself of the time the case would take.

Mr. A. F. Coltman, appearing for the prosecution, said that his instruction was that three more witnesses would be called, one of them being a "long" witness and the other two "short" ones.

It turned out, later on, that the prosecution, after the disposal of the witnesses, would take about 12 hours for the address and the defence 8 hours, Mr. Velinkar requiring about six hours for the address.

SHARE-BROKER EXAMINED.

Mr. Nabiram was then summoned, and in his examination-in-chief, he informed the Court that he was a share-broker and a member of the Sharebrokers' Association.

With regard to the jewellery he saw in Chateau Petit, witness said that he could remember to have seen necklaces, ear-rings, bracelets, finger-rings and other ornaments. The necklaces and the pair of ear-rings were set with diamonds. They were priced over a lakh of rupees.

Cross-examined by Mr. Velinkar, witness stated that he was doing business as a share-broker for the last fifteen years. He had, also, a partner in his firm named Tulsidas Mohanji; but now, witness stated, he was no more.

Asked about the income-tax he said, witness stated that he paid it for the last ten years.

Q:—What did you pay last year?

At this stage, Mr. Coltman objected, terming the question as "irrelevant" to the proposition before them.

NOT INTERMEDIARY.

The question was overruled by the Court, and witness stated he did not wish to disclose the amount he paid as income-tax.

To another question witness stated that he never negotiated any time for any jewellery as an intermediary.

In this particular transaction, witness replied, he only obliged Dr. T. T. Shah who wanted a set of ornaments and he did not expect to make any money out of the transaction, if it did fructify.

Mr. T. T. Shah, witness stated, was at first an officer in the Shipping Department of Messrs. Graham and Co., and afterwards he knew him as an Income-tax Expert. He also used to take delivery of goods of the shares worth Rs. ten, twenty or twenty-five thousand in his business. In short, he did "Vayadha" transaction of buying and selling share.

A casual talk, in connection with the question apropos of the jewellery, drifted to the same topic, which the latter wanted and about which Mr. Bhide on a later occasion had talked to him.

MONEY LOCKED UP.

Witness, answering another question, stated that Mr. Shah did not want to buy the jewellery for himself, as he made him understand, but for somebody else; but witness never asked him for whom they were meant, as he was not interested in that.

At one stage, in reply to questions put by Mr. Velinkar, witness stated that there was a great trade depression in the year 1931 and money was locked up in Bombay.

In answer to further questions, witness stated that Mr. Bhide had once raised the topic of jewellery and had given him some 'phone number, and therefore, he introduced Mr. Shah to Mr. Bhide after calling him on the 'phone.

But witness could not spot out definitely the office of Mr. Bhide, although he could say it was situated in the second floor of some building, near Dalal Street or Meadows Street; he could not definitely say what were the buildings or office adjoining to it.

To a later question, witness said that it might be near the Municipal Latrine.

NO BROKERAGE.

Witness also stated that if Mr. Bhide brought any customers, he did not ask for any share in the brokerage.

The cross-examination was not complete, when the Court rose for the day and further hearing was postponed till Friday (to-day).

Mr. Coltman, with Mr. Homi Banaji, instructed by Messrs Captain and Vaidya appeared for the prosecution, while Messrs Velinkar, Jungalwalla and Lam defended the accused.

JUBBULPORE DEBACLE

Governor's Cabinet To Find Solution

JUBBULPORE, November 15.

Yesterday's drama was again staged in the Municipal Office here to-day, and all actors played their part as talentedly as yesterday.

Mr. Nityendranath Sil continued to work to-day in the President's room under President's instruction, and was not arrested, even though requested by the Vice-President.

At 1-30 p.m. Mr. Sharma appeared under the usual protection of the Vice-President and the Police and defying the President's prohibitory orders broke open the lock and occupied the secretarial chair until 5 p.m.

Immediately after his departure from the office, Mr. Mishra again locked the room and kept the key with him.

It is understood that with a view to find out a solution for this fight, the Governor's Cabinet will be meeting on November 17, and further steps will be taken on November 19.

In the meantime, further developments are expected.—United Press.

SIR O. MOSLEY PAYS DAMAGES

In a claim brought against Sir Oswald Mosley in mail week, Mr. C. M. Pitman, K.C., an official Referee of the High Court, said part of No. 1, Great George Street, Westminster, appeared to have been used as the headquarters of a semi-military organisation.

The claim, made by Major Albert Braithwaite, M.P., and Mr. Harcourt Johnstone, M.P., was for dilapidations to the premises occupied as offices by the British Union of Fascists.

Giving judgment for Major Braithwaite for £353 and for Mr. Johnstone for £25, the Official Referee said the premises had been expensively decorated before being let to Sir Oswald. He appeared to have lived on the second floor and used the rest of the premises as headquarters of a "semi-military organisation."

The basement was used as a barracks or dormitory and the drawing room as a gymnasium. There was a canteen for the men on one of the upper floors and ink was spilt on the carpets which were burnt by cigarette ends. Carpets had also been torn and a glass chandelier had been removed to the basement

ACTRESS GETS NEW NOSE

Miss Marie Ney, the actress, has suffered—literally and physically—for her art. She has had her nose remodelled, writes the "Sunday Express."

It was a provocative nose. It had a sort of downright quality that mingled well with large eyes, ash blonde hair, and a face of classical mould.

But Marie took a dislike to it.

It was all right on the stage, but in films she found it photographed badly and caught the light.

After seeing herself in a film three nights running, she made her decision.

In the strictest secrecy she consulted a surgeon and entered a nursing home.

Nobody knew where she was, except her maid, housekeeper and chauffeur.

After four painful days she emerged. . . with a new nose.

TRAIN'S 120 M.P.H. FOR TWO HOURS

Maintaining a speed of 120 miles an hour for two hours during one section of its run, America's new stream-lined train sped into Chicago in mail week from Los Angeles, having completed the journey in the record time of 38 hours 10 minutes—20 minutes ahead of schedule.

An average speed of 84 miles an hour for more than 500 miles is another record claimed for this train, which has been put on to counter the headway made by the fast trans-continental air services.

After waiting 30 minutes at Chicago to refuel the train continued on its way to New York in an attempt to set up a transcontinental record.—British United Press.

The G.W.R. Cheltenham Flier claims the world's record steam-train speed of 81.6 m.p.h. for the 77¼ miles from Swindon to Paddington.

Southern Hedge Selling In Cotton

PRICES DECLINE ON LONG LIQUIDATION

Utter Absence Of Speculative Buying

NO DEFINITE PRICE MOVEMENT

Bombay, Nov. 15.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market was irregular and easy on utter absence of any important buying. Prices declined on long liquidation and Southern Hidge-Selling. Although the movement of the new crop is decreasing, there is less disposition to buy as most of the new has passed under U. S. Governments' loan plan. Trade conditions are not encouraging and outside growths are gradually replacing American cotton in foreign countries owing to comparative cheapness of prices.

This state of affairs has created a belief that the U. S. Government will have to revise its policy and there is a common expectation that the area under cotton cultivation will be increased next season in the United states. The speculative element is now awaiting official announcement and cotton prices are fluctuating within a narrow range without any definite tendency.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with December 12.31, on Wednesday. There was utter absence of any important business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Later on there was increased long liquidation and Southern hedge-selling which depressed prices 8 points from the highest level and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day at a net decline of 10 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 12.50c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 7 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced by 8 points at 12.55c.

On Wednesday the Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with January 6.59. There was scattered hedge-selling against outside growths. The market was quiet and featureless throughout the session in the absence of any important business. Prices fluctuated within the range of 4 points January highest being 6.61 and lowest 6.57. The market closed quiet but steady at a decline of 4 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices lost 5 points and closed at 6.85d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures section was quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 3 points. At the close January was quoted 4.96, March 4.91 and May 4.95.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet and Sakels futures declined 7 to 9 points while Uppers futures closed at a loss of 3 to 4 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

There was increased selling in the Alexandria market which depressed Sakels futures by 17 to 12 points. Ashmouni futures closed at a decline of 8 to 11 points.

TRADING MARKET

A Liverpool friend writes:—"For the time being we do not look for much change in prices. With so much cotton going into the Government's hands, a material decline seems unlikely. On the other hand, rallies will probably meet with liquidation and some hedging. This indicates trading markets, and until the market receives a fresh bullish stimulus, we would recommend taking moderate profits on any purchases effected on declines."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest 12.32—02 (10-5 a.m.)
Lowest 12.24—10 (2-56 p.m.)
Liverpool January highest 6.61—01 (10-45 a.m.)
Lowest 6.57—05 (3-15 p.m.)

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:

U S A Mill consumption for October 520,000 bales, (against 296,000 for September 1934 and 504,000 for October 1933).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market eased under Southern selling. Demand rather light.

New York: Market was affected unfavourably by December liquidation and Southern selling. Expect no decline of consequence.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from New York:—

"Market was affected unfavourably by December liquidation and southern selling. Expect no decline of consequence."

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Orvis Brothers and Co., New York:

Market was affected unfavourably by December liquidation and Southern selling. Expect no decline of consequence.

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

The markets continue narrow and featureless. There was some December liquidation which in the absence of any outside interest caused a small decline.

Operators generally are awaiting developments from Washington.

Rubber: The market eased further yesterday on fears of the devaluation of the Dutch guider.

Following the recent vote of confidence in the French Cabinet and as soon as the new Belgian Government is announced there should be a revival of confidence in the guilder.

Wheat: Further weakness is attributed to December liquidation. Argentine prices have recently been steadier and the latest cables report rust damage in the South. Prices in Liverpool are now at a very attractive level and we advise purchases with a view to taking quick profits.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 14th instant (5-51 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends, Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:

Cotton: Whilst not over confident, we would suggest, for the present, conservative purchases on easy markets.

Rubber: Neglected, think decline overdone, suggest commencing conservative purchases.

Copper: Resisting declines, opinion, more friendly.

Wheat: December liquidation depressing making good opportunity for purchases distants plate passing through most critical period.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 14.

December 1934	12.24
January 1935	12.31
March 1935	12.36
May 1935	12.37
July 1935	12.35
Middling Spot	12.50

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Nov. 14

December 1934	12.25
January 1935	12.31
March 1935	12.38
Middling Spot	12.55

NEW YORK.
New York Nov. 14.

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
December 1934	12.30
January 1935	12.42
March 1935	12.42
New York Noon Call—	
December 1934	12.30
January 1935	12.43
March 1935	12.43

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Nov. 14.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	11,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	6,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Nov. 14.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
November 1934 ..		6.60
December 1934 ..		6.58
January 1935 ..	6.59	6.58
February 1935 ..		6.56
March 1935 ..	6.56	6.55
April 1935		6.53
May 1935		6.52
June 1935		6.50
July 1935		6.49
August 1935 ..		6.43
September 1935 ..		6.37
October 1935 ..		6.32
Middling Spot ..		6.85

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Nov. 14.

BROACH :—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.20
Fine (Good Staple)	5.35
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.50
C. P. OOMRA :—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.97
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.12
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.27
BENGAL :—	
Good	3.44
Fine	3.54
Superfine	3.64
SCINDE :—	
Good	3.54
Fine	3.64
Superfine	3.74

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Nov. 14.

SAKELLARIDIS :—	
November 1934	8.40
December 1934	8.32
January 1935	8.35
March 1935	8.36
May 1935	8.35
July 1935	8.34
F.G.F. Spot	8.69

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov 15

The local silver market opened quiet to-day on easy foreign advices but later on there was improved buying. Kartak delivery prices after declining to Rs. 66/12 improved to Rs. 67/1. The undertone of the market was good. The outlook still continues promising and we favour purchases on all easy markets. It is said that foreign banks are buying silver in the local market but owing to duty there is no possibility of exports at present but it is said that the stocks will be held for better opportunities. The gold market was quiet with a limited business.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	67 7 0
Kartak delivery	67 8 0
Magsar delivery	67 12 0
Ready gold	34 9 3
Kartak delivery	34 9 9
Magsar delivery	34 10 6

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Nov. 14.

December	1.84+.02
March	1.73+.01
May	1.75
July	1.80

LONDON GOLD.
London, Nov. 14.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6/19/3-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Nov. 14.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate, 0-3/8 per cent to 0-7/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate, 0-9/16 per cent. to 0-5/8 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate, 2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate, 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.
Interest Day to Day Loan, 0-1/4 per cent. to 0-1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loan, 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 14.

T. T. London on :—	
Berlin	12.43
Amsterdam	7.39-1/2
Brussels	21.44
Madrid	36.62-1/2
Milan	58.40
Berne	15.39-1/2
Paris	75.84
Prague	119.68
New York	
Closing cross rate ..	4.99-5/8

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Nov. 14.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, parcels, Nov./Dec. sellers 21/9.
Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, Nov./Dec. sellers 22/3.
Wheat, South Australian, parcels Nov./Dec. sellers 24/6.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York, Nov. 14.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 10-1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Nov. 14.

	£
Rupee Paper, 3 1/2 per cent. 69-1/2 N.	
Indian Stock, 3 per cent. 1948 or later	88-3/4
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	98-1/4
Indian Stock, 4 1/2 per cent. 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent. ..	90-3/4
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1961	110-1/2
War Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	108
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	120
Victory Bonds, 4 per cent.	119
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	134
National Bank of India ..	46
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10-3/4

LONDON METALS.
London, Nov. 14.

	£
Copper Braziers	41-1/2
Yellow Metal	34-1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands ..	12-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge ..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B.	228-1/2

SEEDS
London, Nov. 14.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton, Dec. paid £8/17/6.
Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £10/15/0.
Linseed, Bombay London C.I.F. ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £11/1/3.
Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Con't) C.I.F. ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £10/10/0.
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £10/1/3.
Cottonseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton, No offers.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Nov. 14.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb, sellers 6-5/16.

LINSEED OILS.
London, Nov. 14.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Nov. sellers 17/9.
Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. May/Aug. sellers 18/6.

LONDON SILVER
London, Nov. 14.

Silver—Market is quiet.

Spot, ...	24-3/4
Forward	24-7/8

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 14

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following closing quotations of New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	5
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	14
Electric Bond Common	9
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	36
Columbia Gas	8
American Tel and Tel	111
Western Union Telg	85 1/2
Radio Corporation	6
Chesapeake and Ohio	44
New York Central	21 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio R R	15
Erie R R	12
Pennsylvania R R	23
Union Pacific R R	105
Great North Pfd	15
National Distillers	24
Hiram Walker	27
Amr Tobacco B	84
Dupont de Nemours	97
Bethelehem Steel	28
United States Steel	32 1/2
American Smelting	37
Int Nickel of Canada	23 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	10 3/4
Kennecott Copper	17
Cerro de Pasco Copper	38
International Harvestor	37
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	25
General Motors XD	30 1/2
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	19
St. Oil of N J	43
Atlantic Refining	26
Socony	15
Plymouth Oil	9
American Radiator	16
Chase Bank	23 3/4
National City Bank	20 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	340
Celanese Corp of Amr	30
General Foods	34
National Dairy	17
3 per cent Home C Loan Corp 1952	98 1/2

Although mixed, market steady and fairly active

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

New York Stock Exchange:—Firm.
New York Call Rate 1 per cent

Anaconda	10 3/4
U S Steel	32 1/2
G Motors	X 30 1/2
I Nickel	23 3/4
Silver:—Ready	35 1/8
Call Loan London 1/4 to 1/2 per cent	
T T London on New York	4.99 1/2
City Bank	20 1/2
Chase Bank	23 3/4
Socony	14 7/8
N Y Central	21 1/2
W U Teleg	35 1/2

Total business:—1 million
T T N Y/Paris 6.58 5/8

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

B. C. RATE—
T T D D 1/6
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Nov-Feb
Banks selling T T 1/6 March-June
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/16 Nov-Jan
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/32 Nov-Jan.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/8 Nov-Mar.
NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 269 3/4
Banks selling T T 267 3/4
Banks buying T T 265 1/2
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 567
Banks buying D D 577
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 55 1/8
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54 7/8
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 77 3/4
Banks buying T T 77 3/8
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 112 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 91 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 91 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.99 3/8 14th instant
Shanghai/London 1/4 3/16 15th instant
Japan/London 1/2 1/16 15th instant
Java/London 7.36 14th instant
London/Paris 77.84 14th instant
London/Belgium 21.44 14th instant
London/Switzerland 15.39 1/2 14th instant
London/Italy 58.40 14th instant
London/Berlin 12.43 14th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 14th instant
London/New York 4.99 5/8 14th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.39 1/2 14th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £6-19-0 1/2 13th instant £6-19-3 1/2 14th instant
Silver London Ready 24 7/8 13th instant 24 3/4 14th instant
Silver London Forward 25 13th instant 24 7/8 14th instant
Silver New York Ready 56.00 13th instant 35 1/4 14th instant
London discounts 3 mos 7/16 per cent 13th instant 7/16 per cent 14th instant
London discounts 6 mos 5/8 per cent 13th instant 5/8 per cent 14th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1 p.c.
3 mos 1 1/4 p.c.
6 mos 2 p.c
Tone:—Easy

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 13th November 4,157 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 129,194 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 88,705 bales
Increase 40,489 bales

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 15

Following decline of 10 points in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 214 for Broach A-M delivery. There was a moderate turnover of business and prices fluctuated within a range of annas eight during the early part of the session. There was scattered selling which depressed prices to Rs. 213/12 and short covering with some buying improved prices to Rs. 214/4. Later on the market was quiet but steady.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 3 points but opened unchanged. This improved demand in the local market and prices advanced. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A.M.	215 12 0
Oomra D/J.	187 12 0
Oomra March	188 12 0
Bengal D/J.	137 0 0
Bengal March	139 4 0

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

100 Toyomankwa K Tirupur Cambodia 272
105 Toyomankwa K. Bedebandar 173 1/2
200 Toyomankwa K. Warora 185 1/2
80 Toyomankwa K. Banusa 173
100 Toyomankwa K. Pandurna 186
140 Langli and Co., Shegaon 51 off
200 Langli and Co., Shegaon 51 off
100 Japun T and Co., Mansa 126 1/2
129 Shirinivas Mill Muriroad 216 3/4
200 Cotton Agent Mukatsar 134 1/4
100 Cotton Agent Mahu 155
250 Cotton Agent Bhavani Mandi 139
115 Samji Karamshi Botad 35 off
105 Oshman Suleman Bantva 26 1/2 off

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

Bengal Superfine	140/42
Bengal Fine	127/29
Bengal F.G.	117/22
Sindh-Punjab Fine	125/27
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	115/20
Wardha-Hingt	194/196
Nagpur Savner	194/196
Pundhurna	182/184
Yeotmal	180/182
Arvi	181/183
Ellichpur	181/183
Amraoti-Berar	180/182
Khamgaon	180/182
Mulkapur	172/174
Khandesh	171/173
Jalna/Sailu	172/174
Burwah Sanavad	171/176
Broach Fine	208/210
Punjab/American	219/221
Punjab/American mix	209/214
Cambodia	279/284
Miraj/Sangli	204/209
Compta Good	199/204
Bagalkot	184/189
Kampala	356/58
Busoga	354/56
Jinja	350/52
Manza	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This Year.
Khandesh		2,894
Central India	40	4,683
Barsi and Nagar	104	5,519
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	469
Berar	...	3,822
Central Provinces	...	1,524
Total Oomras	144	18,911
Dholera	66	9,301
N.-W. Provinces	25	863
Rajputana	118	1,351
Sind-Punjab	335	12,524
Broach	363	2,880
Coompta and Dharwar	586	12,680
Westerns-Northerns	62	12,232
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	82	16,852
Persian	...	1,634
American	16	2,556
Egyptian & Arican Total	1,144 2,941	10,351 132,135

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st. Sept. to 8th Nov.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	696	61,677
Japan & China	1,319	102,341
Coast Ports	51	4,939
Up-country by Rail	...	28,141
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	500
Total	2,066	197,598

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,983
Linseed	2,048
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	420
Gingellyseed	654
Poppyseed	639
Groundnuts	5,517
Castorseed	548
Rice	6,300
Myrabollams	385
Cottonseed	1,923
Mowraseed	18
Gram	355
Joowar	433
Bajree	797
	Tons.
Coal	247

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-9-6.
S. S. Ranee Rs. 3-15-0.
S. S. Arabia Rs. 3-7-9.
Shipment October Rs. 3-15-0.
Shipment Nov.-Dec. Rs. 3-7-3.
Shipment Jan.-Mar. Rs. 3-5-0
Purtabpur Rs. 13-8-0.
Kesar Rs. 14-7-0.
African Rs. 13-8-0.
Java Spot F. 2.85.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
Liverpool New York December 139 at Cross Rate 4.99 1/2
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1935 214 Liverpool May 1935 6.49 Rs. 68 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 214 New York May 12.37 Rs. 61 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.99 1/2

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Sensational Rise In Andhra And Power Shares

GENERAL SPECULATIVE BUYING

Bombay, Nov. 15.

The local Share Bazar ruled strong to-day on active speculative buying and every share on the forward list recorded substantial improvement.

There was extensive speculative buying in Andhra and Power shares, which recorded a rise of Rs. 80 and Rs. 60 respectively. Andhra shares, which closed at Rs. 1,575 on the last working-day, advanced to Rs. 1,650 to-day and Power shares advanced to Rs. 1,360 from Rs. 1,257.

Tata Iron and Steel shares were also firm and deferred shares advanced Rs. 24 to Rs. 405, while Ordinary shares advanced by Rs. 5.

Bombay-Burma shares rose Rs. 10 and Bombay Dyeing shares advanced Rs. 25. Other mill shares also followed the upward trend and recorded improvement in prices.

To-day's rise is mainly due to rise in Government Securities and unprecedented abandant supply of cheap money.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA WILL CONVERT 3-1/2 PER CENT. STERLING LOAN INTO 2-1/2 PER CENT. AND 3-1/2 PER CENT. RUPEE LOAN TO 3 PER CENT.

These reports stimulated active buying in shares and, while we do not look for any material decline, we think profit-taking on strong market will be considered a wise policy.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay, Nov. 15

100 Ahm. Ad.	312 8
500 Bom. Cotton	**65 0**
250 Bombay Dyeing	902 8
250 Bradbury	**110 0**
100 Century	316 4
100 Central India	323 2
100 Colaba	135 0
100 Coorla	113 12
100 Crescent	**7 4**
250 Currim	5 0
250 David	**60 0**
250 Dawn	395 0
1 E.D. Sassoon	0 3 0
100 Finlay	**122 8**
100 Gokak	171 4
1000 Hindustan	**1825 0**
100 Indore	117 8
50 Kastoorchand	**0 8**
100 Khatau	**81 14**
100 Kohinoor	218 2
250 Laxmi	**355 0**
100 Madhavji	11 4
250 Madras United	**65 0**
1000 Morarji	**1510 0**
250 Model	**81 0**
50 Mysore	**95 0**

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, Nov 15

Bombay Dyeing 885 895 891 898 895 900 902
Century 307 314 310 311 313 316
Central India 305 316 313 315 320 323
Colaba 131 133 132 133 135
Kohinoor 207 220 215 218 217 218
New Great 210 215 213 221 215 219 222
Simplex 107 106/14 108
Swadeshi 218 230 226 231 233
Bundi 32/6 32/8
Indian Cement 323 337 336 337 338
Tata Steel Defd 392 401 411 403 409 408 412 411 415 413
Tata Steel Ord 90 93 92/4 93/8 94 93/12 94/8 93/12 94
Bombay Steam 285
Bombay Burma 387 390 388 395 393 400
Tata Hydro 156 162 161
Andhra 1597 1622 1620 1640 1636 1650
Tram 159
Power 1320 1325 1350 1347 1348 1346 1360 1361

200 New Great	222 3
100 Oosmanshahi	**72 8**
100 Phoenix	**315 0**
25 Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000 Sholapur	**2820 0**
50 Simplex	108 2
100 Swadeshi	233 12
100 Swan	65 4
25 Tata	**12 8**
500 Vishnu	**1587 8**
1000 Western	**1040 0**

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda	101 4
25-50 Central	35 0
500 Imp.	1605 0
125-500 Imp Contry	405 0
50-100 India	119 4
5 Union	5 4

CEMENTS.

10 Bundi	32 8X.D.
70 Gwalior	102 8
250 Indian	338 12
40 Katni Def.	1150 0
100 Katni Ord.	327 8
75 Okha	175 0
10 Punjab	23 14
100 Shahabad	345 0
70 United	69 0

INSURANCE.

15-100 Jupiter	13 4
15-75 New India	38 0
200 Oriental	3855 0
10-100 Vulcan	3 6

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Ord.	177 8
1000 Andhra Valley	1650 0
10 Ajmer	10 8
50 Bom. Tram	160 0
100 Bom. Suburban	157 0
10 Broach	11 0
100 Karachi	213 12
100 Poona	195 0
100 Surat	173 12
100 Tata Hydro	161 14
1000 Tata Power	1361 4

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Prantij	845 0
100 Amr Patty	**122 0**
100 C Province	37 0
100 Dhon. Baramati	90 0
100 Gujrat	76 0
100 Mandra Bhon	**91 4**

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT
Bombay, Nov 15

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 94/11
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/13
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 118/12
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 118/13

TAX FREES
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore 108/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 119
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 110/12
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 103/12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)
3 per cent 1941 100/3
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/4
4 per cent 1943 105/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 11[illegible]8
5 per cent 1939/44 108
5 per cent 1940/43 109
5 per cent 1935 101/13
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 109
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 102/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)
4 per cent B P T 1974 103/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/12
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114
6 per cent I Deb 1954 124/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 124/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 109/6

Note:—3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at 74/6 improved to 94/14 to close as above.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Nov. 14.

November	11.65—.05
December	11.50
February	11.17+.09

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 14.

December	0.99 5/8—3/8c.
May	0.99—1/2c.
July	0.93 3/4—1/4c.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 14.

December	57 5/8—3/4d.
March	62—3/4d.
May	63 7/8—3/4d.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.
Bombay, Nov. 15.
May 1935 Vaida

	Rs. a. p.
9 a.m.	6 2 6
12 noon	6 2 6
3 p.m.	6 2 6
5 p.m.	6 2 6

100 Pachora Jamner	**91 0**
100 Sara Sirajgunge	95 0
500 Tapty Valley	755 0

MININGS

10 Shivrajpur	42 8
30 Tata Steel Def.	413 12
75 Steel Ord.	94 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock	202 8
50 Belapur Sugar	228 2
250 Bom. Steam	285 0
125 Bombay Burma	400 0
50 Bom. Burma County	125 0
8sh. B. B. Petrol	4 10
50 Bombay Telephone	110 0
100 Ind. Bleaching	155 0
100 Ind. Radio Df.	528 12
100 Ind. Radio Ordy	472 8
1000 Port Canning	615 0
15 Scindia	15 1
30 Tata Construction	31 0
25 Tata Oil	19 0

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Vly	1310 0
6 p c Bombay Steam	293 12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram	30 0
5 p.c Central India	512 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	151 4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	134 6
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1335 0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	170 0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	151 3
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	17 3
7 p.c. Vishnu	640 0

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1934

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J4

Sir Abdur Rahim For Presidentship?

JINNAH MAY PREFER TO BE KING-MAKER

Speculation Over New Assembly And Its Parties

NEW Delhi, Nov. 15.

Who will be the President of the next Assembly?

This is the latest topical subject of discussion and speculation here, since Sir Shanmukham Chetty who would have undoubtedly been elected President with Government's support is now out of the picture. Speculations as they were made in official circles are summarised below:—

CONGRESS NOMINEE.

The report in Congress organs that Dr. Bhagwan Das might be put up by the Congress Party as a candidate for the Chair is not seriously taken. Government will not support his candidature, since a man with judicial experience and knowledge of Parliamentary procedure will be preferred to a mere political thinker or political philosopher.

Mr. Jinnah woud make an excellent President, but he would not agree to leave his seat on the benches for the Chair where his mouth will be gagged and his debating talents unused. He would much prefer to be a king-maker than a king himself.

ABDUR RAKIM'S CHANCES.

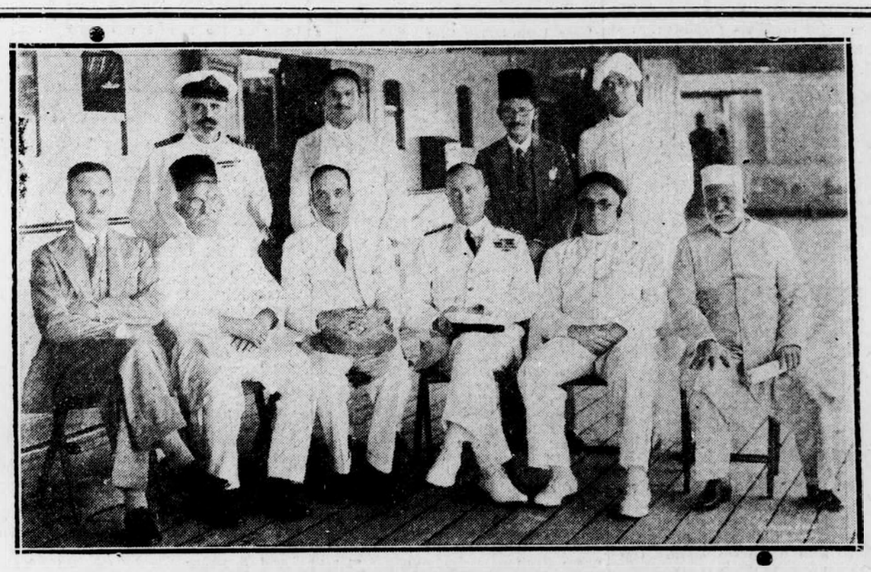
This takes one to Sir Abdur Rahim who seems most fitted to command the confidence of both Congress and Government benches, having behind him a long judicial and administrative as well as parliamentary experience, combined with an impartial outlook. But his old age is mentioned to be a possible source of handicap to his Presidential success, as it might not be possible for him to stand the strains of a strenuous session.

Another reason why Sir Abdur Rahim might be persuaded to accept the Presidentship is the presence of Mr. Jinnah who will naturally like to be the leader of the Old Independent Party whose leader once he was during the time of late Pandit Motilal Nehru. Since neither Sir Abdur Rahim nor Mr. Jinnah can be expected to remain in one and the same party and accept an inferior position, one has got to go out of it. And Sir Abdur Rahim, unless he chooses to remain as an unattached man (which is not likely) is the more probable man to go out of the Independent Party is he is assured by all the parties of an uncontested election to the Chair.

In this connection Mr. K. C. Neogy's (who has not stood in the election at all) name is regretfully mentioned. It is stated that if he were returned without any opposition from the Congress or had signed the Congress pledge and then returned unopposed, Congres would have set him up as its candidate for the Chair, and Government in all probability, would not have opposed his candidature.

NEW POSITION OF PARTIES.

As regards the number of parties in the new Assembly nothing can be said definitely until all the election results are out. But indications are that there will be the Congress Party, the Independent Party, Europan Group and possibly a Centre Party. If the Nationalist Party is able to return ten or more members they will be entitled to have a separate party existence, because convention does not allow the formation of any party whose membership strength is less than ten. If the Nationalists are less than ten, they will have to emerge themselves into the Congress Party.—United Press.



I.M.M.T.S. "DUFFERIN": GOVERNING BODY FOR 1934-35.

Standing from left to right: Captain H. A. B. Digby-Beste, C.I.E., (Secretary) Mr. M. A. Master, Syed Munawar, M.L.C., and Mr. Walchand Hirachand.

Sitting from left to right: Mr. A. K. G. Hogg, Mr. Kaikobad Cawasjee Dinshaw, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, Vice-Admiral Sir Humphrey T. Walwyn, K.C.S.I., Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy (Chairman); Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, C.I.E., and Moulvi Abdul Kasem, M.L.C.

Slaves Can Have No Religion

Country Must Rally Round Congress Banner, Exhorts Frontier Gandhi

AMRAOTI, Nov. 14.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, who arrived here yesterday with his brother Dr. Khan Sahib and son Mr. Abdul Gani, addressed a large gathering of Hindus and Mussalmans of Amraoti, at a public meeting, held in Jog Square, Veer Vaman Rao Joshi, President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, presiding.

Khan Abdul Gaffar, who spoke first laid great emphasis on the vital question of communal unity. He deplored very much that these communal dissensions in India should have gone so deep that even at the railway stations separate arrangements for water have to be made. Nowhere, he said, such differences were seen although various communities and religions were found among the inhabitants who lived there.

UNDER CONGRESS BANNER.

Continuing he said: "Slaves can have no religion. There is no religion on the face of the earth, which allows its followers to remain in perpetual slavery. Every religion came into existence to liberate humanity from bondage. Therefore, it is extremely absurd to say that I belong to Hindu religion or to Muslim religion when we all have become slaves of a third ruling race. In India the Congress is the only body or Jamat which is trying its best for the freedom of people. It is, therefore, our duty to organise under the banner of the Congress."

"SERVANTS OF GOD."

The "Frontier Gandhi" then explained the "Khudai Khidmatgar" movement to the audience. "All people," he said, "can be servants of the 'Khuda,' who observes no distinction between one people and another. The Khudai Khidmatgars' have to take an oath in the beginning that they will treat all religions alike and all people as servants of God. The Khudai Khidmatgar movement conducted on purely non-violent lines have emboldened the Pathans and made them conscious of their rights. The Government even now says that the non-violent Pathans are more dangerous than the violent Pathans."

CURSE OF UNTOUCHABILITY.

He exhorted the audience to wipe out the curse of untouchability for which, he said, both Hindus and Muslims should strive hard. A people, according to Gaffar Khan, who kept others in slavery, have no right to love liberty and fight for independence. Unless they give freedom to their own brethren, they cannot be free.

Dr. Khan Sahib, who was then requested to speak said: "It is no use quarrelling on issues like the Communal Award. Because, if some 'Fazli Hussain' or a Hindu gentleman becomes Governor, how are the starving masses benefited thereby?"

Dr. Khan Sahib also greatly deprecated the use of the knowledge of history in fomenting communal dissensions. "Supposing acts of violence were committed by either of the communities on each other in the past, are we to sing the same song again and again and repeat the same mistakes or are we to forget the past, and begin with a clean slate of perfect friendship and unanimity," asked Dr. Khan Sahib to the audience.

BLESSING IN DISGUISE.

Mr. Harihar Rao Deshpande, ex-Secretary of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee while thanking the guests of the evening said, "We should in a way thank Government for prohibiting the Khan Brothers from entering into the Frontier Province, because now they can travel all over India and give the message of Unity to Hindus and Muslims of India."—United Press.

BAN ON DELHI STUDENTS

Vice-Chancellor Forbids Debate On Impeachment Of Sir S. Hoare

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

A piquant situation has arisen in the student community of Delhi as a result of the vice-Chancellor's notice forbidding debate in what is called the "Mock Parliament" of Delhi.

The debate had been arranged last evening by the Secretary of the Law Union Society in the Law Hall when it was proposed to impeach Sir Samuel Hoare for his dereliction of duties under nine specified charges. These charges embodying the impeachment together with a list of those who were to speak for the impeachment and those to defend Sir Samuel Hoare were widely circulated.

The vice-Chancellor, Sir Abdur Rahman, promptly issued a notice to the Secretary of the Society directing him to stop the function as in his view it was contrary to the best interests of the University.

Immediately thereafter, however, the Law Union Society held a meeting and condemned the "reprehensible interference of the vice-Chancellor of the Delhi University with the usual academic and legitimate activities of the Union by putting a ban on the mock impeachment of Sir Samuel Hoare."

The meeting also resolved that as a protest against the encroachment upon the rights of the members of the union, members shall not attend classes to-morrow. The student community of Delhi was called upon to join the strikers in protest.

The names of editors of two Nationalist journals of Delhi appeared in the notice as defenders of Sir Samuel Hoare.

MEHER BABA FOR AMERICA

Will Supervise Production Of Talkies

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

Shree Meher Baba, Parsi spiritualist, who has been observing silence for the last ten years, sailed aboard the "Tuscania" to-day for America where he will supervise the production of a talkie entitled "how it happened" portraying the past, the present and the future of humanity.

Meher Baba himself will not act in the film but a few Indian actors who are accompanying Meher Baba will, along with British and American actors, be featured in the film.—A.P.

STAMPING OUT EVIL OF SUTTA GAMBLING

Baroda Government Asks For People's Support

BARODA, Nov. 14.

The Government of Baroda have issued orders asking the public and State servants to show any defects in the working of Government Departments and offer constructive proposals.

The Government have also issued a notification asking for support of public to stamp out evil of Ankfarak Gambling. The Government, it is understood, propose to enact a bill for regulation of building of religious institutions in order to ensure complete communal harmony.

The Government had issued some time ago an order, requesting the public to refrain from unusual flattery of officials.

The Government have also passed coolers inviting details of religious funds with a view to see that they are properly utilised.—United Press.

SOCIALIST PROPAGANDA IN ENGLAND

Party Appoints Committee To Put Its Programme Before Britishers

The All-India Congress Socialist Party has decided to set up a propaganda committee in England to place the Party's programme and the demands of Indian masses before the British public, specially in labour circles there.

Miss Masani and Mr. V. K. Menon, Secretary of the India League, London, have been appointed as provisional Secretaries.

The Office of the Committee at London will be located at the Office of India League.—United Press.

INDIAN AIRMAIL SERVICE

More Stoppages From December

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

The following press communique has been issued by the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department—

An Air Mail Service between Karachi and Lahore with halts at Sukkur and Multan will be introduced early in December 1934. This Air Mail Service will work in conjunction with the Imperial Airways' Karachi-Croydon Air Mail Service.

The first aeroplane of this service will leave Lahore on December 4, 1934, for Karachi, and the aeroplane in the reverse direction will leave each Thursday, commencing from December 6, 1934.

Unregistered and uninsured registered letters, post cards and packets, both inland and foreign will be eligible for transmission by the new Air Mail Service at the rates and under the conditions now in force for the acceptance of such articles by the Madras-Karachi and Rangoon-Karachi and the Imperial Airways Services.

A special stamp will be impressed by the Post Office on all articles, inland and foreign, which will be conveyed by the first flight of the Karachi-Lahore Air Service in both directions.—United Press.

There is a proposal to lay out new roads and a garden within the General Hospital area Madras. The Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 10,000 for this scheme.

POSSIBILITIES OF BROADCASTING

Col. Hardinge Sees Bright Future Of Scheme In India

MADRAS, (By Mail).

"In another eighteen months, I expect that a considerable advance will be made in nbroadcasting in this country," declared Col. H. R. Hardinge, of the Indian Welfare Association, who is touring India to popularise rural broadcasting and who is now in Madras, to the press.

"The advantages to be derived by India from broadcasting will be immeasurably greater than those obtained by other countries. India being a country of long distances, broadcasting is the surest way of overcoming them" remarked Col. Hardinge.

Continuing he said, the Indian Village Welfare Association was founded in 1931, with the object of collecting and disseminating information about rural activities in India, of furthering schemes and experiments to promote rural welfare and the holding of schools and other educational activities to arose interest in the needs of rural India.

3 SECTIONS

Col. Hardinge's idea is, that the scheme should consist of three different sections. One section would ensure that "A" radio stations' would be set up in Delhi, Bombay, Bengal, the Central Provinces and Madras. These sections would be well-equipped and would give entertainment and general information in the country's vernaculars.

The second section would be the building up of a number of small subsidiary stations all over the country, which would repeat what was broadcast from the "A" stations, and in addition would disseminate general information in the local dialects of the people. These stations would be called "B" stations.

A third section was necessary to cater to the needs of the intelligentsia of the country. That would consist of high-power short-wave transmitter, probably at Delhi, which would cater to the high classes of people and give out first class programme.

Col. Hardinge said that the Government of India had agreed to the first two items of the scheme, and he added that if broadcasting were to be a complete success in this country, the third section also would have to come into existence.

In the new plan, Madras, he observed would have an "A" station and the various municipal services would well fit into the scheme and be subsidiary services.

Concluding he said he was convinced of the immense possibilities of broadcasting in India. It would spread general education in the villages as nothing else could do.—United Press.

FIRST INDIAN PUBLIC SCHOOL

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15

The first Indian Public School to be opened by the Board of Management of the Indian Public Schools Society started by the late S. R. Das when he was Law Member of the Government of India will be inaugurated by the middle of March 1935 at Dehra Dun.

I understand that Mr. A. E Foot (Master at Eton) has been selected as head master and that two house masters for the school will also be reaching India shortly.

STUDENTS' STRIKE FIZZLES OUT

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The attempted strike by law students fizzled out. A large number of students attended all the classes throughout the day. There is practically no response to the strikers' appeal to other students to join the strike as a protest against the Vice-Chancellor's ban on holding a debate on "The Mock Parliament."

It is understood, says a Wardha message, that negotiations are in progress between Dhrangadhra State and certain parties to sell the Shree Shakti Alkali Works or to run it on an economic and efficient basis.

WOMAN AND CHILD DISAPPEAR

Not Traced Since Diwali Day When Husband And Wife Quarrelled

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 15.

Grave anxiety is felt over the sudden disappearance of Mst. Guratia, a young married Hindu Lodhi girl of Satna, who according to information received, left her home along with her six year old daughter, Terasia, after quarrelling with her husband, Ramadhin on Dewali night, and is said to have boarded the Allahabad-Bombay Express.

Every attempt to trace them have proved futile and it is apprehended that she has fallen a victim to one of the gangs who traffic in women in the province and whose activities has recently caused considerable alarm.—United Press.

HARIJANS TO ASSERT THEIR RIGHT

Will Bathe In Sacred Tank In Defiance Of Hindu Orthodoxy

NAGPUR, Nov. 15.

Determined to assert their right 25 members of the Harijan community have announced their intention to proceed to Ramtek from Nagpur to bathe in the famous Ambala Tank to which Hindus, especially the orthodox section, attach considerable religious sanctity.

The tank is close to the historic Rama Temple which is now visited by crowds of Hindu pilgrims from various parts of the province.

It is contended that the tank is a public place in accordance with the provisions of the Public Places Uses Bill which has been enacted into law.

Therefore, every member of the Hindu community has the right of access to the tank.

The batch is proceeding on November 18 to Ramtek to exercise the right by peaceful methods.—A. P.

Bhadran Taluka Prajamandal

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail.)

On November 10 representatives of 20 villages of he Bhadran Taluka assembled at village Ranoli.

At the meeting the Bhadran Taluka Prajamandal was inaugurated. The Rules for the same were adopted and the members for the working committee were elected with Mr. H. A. Patel as President.

BURMAN FAMILY DROWNED

Boats Carrying Victims Capsize In River

RANGOON, Nov 15.

A canoe tragedy resulting in the drowning of a Burman family, including father mother and son, is reported from Yenangyaung.

The victims were crossing the Irrawaddy river in two canoes loaded with fish.

While they were nearing a village both the canoes capsized and caught in the strong current and the occupants disappeared.—A. P.

WOMEN SOCIAL WORKERS WARNED

Advised Not To Neglect Home Duties

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Presiding over the annual meeting of the Calcutta Constituency of the All-India Women's Conference yesterday Mrs. Indira Devi sounded a note of warning to those who were taking up some form of social work.

"The Women's place is home" said she, "and women desirous of taking up social work must be careful not to let the home work suffer."

The meeting adopted several resolutions advocating educational, and social reforms including one urging more rigid control of all films showed in India and better censorship of them.—United Press.

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